

Ethical Hacking and Countermeasures

Version 6



Module VIII

Trojans and Backdoors



Zechariah works for an Insurance firm. Though being a top performer for his branch, he never got credit from his Manager, Ron. Ron was biased to a particular sect of employees. On Ron's birthday all employees including Zechariah greeted him.

Zechariah personally went to greet Ron and asked him to check his email as a birthday surprise was awaiting him! Zechariah had planned something for Ron.

Unknown of Zechariah's evil intention Ron opens the *bday.zip* file. Ron extracts the contents of the file and runs the *bday.exe* and enjoys the flash greeting card.

Zechariah had Ron infect his own computer by a Remote Control Trojan.

What harm can Zechariah do to Ron?

Is Zechariah's intention justified?







New Trojan can drain your bank accounts

'Silentbanker' lurks on various websites

Gillian Shaw

CanWest News Service

Thursday, January 17, 2008

In what is being billed as one of the most sophisticated cyber attacks to hit the Internet, a Trojan Horse program has been issued that gets between computer users and their banking websites, giving thieves free rein to drain accounts and wreak financial havoc on their victims.

Dubbed the "silentbanker," it is a Trojan that computer users can unknowingly download onto their computers by simply browsing websites. It operates undetected, with the first sign that it is at work the possible notification from a bank that a client has been a victim of fraud.



CREDIT: Calgary Herald A man uses an ATM cash machine at Sunridge Mall in Calgary.

More than 400 banks - including some in Canada - have been targeted worldwide by the virus, which operates across several countries and in many languages, according to Symantec, a computer security company that has been tracking the progress of the Trojan.

"I'd have to say it is one of the most sophisticated we have seen. What makes it more dangerous is it seems to be staffed by professional software developers," said Al Huger, vice-president of security response and services for Symantec.

Source: http://www.canada.com/





Module Objective

This module will familiarize you with:

- Trojans
- Overt & Covert Channels
- Types of Trojans and how Trojan works
- Indications of Trojan attack
- Different Trojans used in the wild
- Tools for sending Trojan
- Wrappers
- ICMP Tunneling
- Constructing a Trojan horse using Construction Kit
- Tools for detecting Trojan
- Anti-Trojans
- Avoiding Trojan Infection

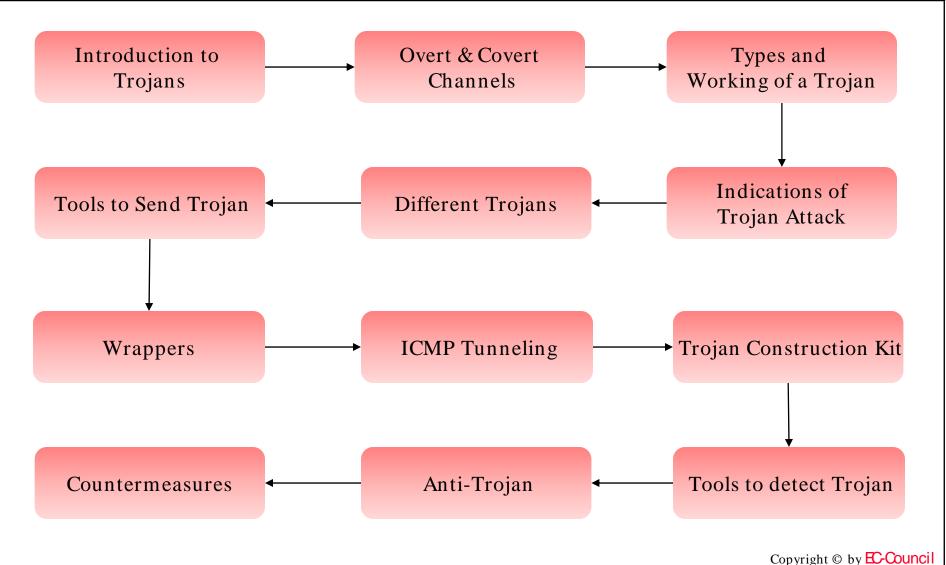






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Module Flow



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Introduction

Malicious users are always on the prowl to sneak into networks and create trouble

Trojan attacks have affected several businesses around the globe



In most cases, it is the absent-minded user who invites trouble by downloading files or being careless about security aspects

This module covers different Trojans, the way they attack, and the tools used to send them across the network







What is a Trojan

A Trojan is a small program that runs hidden on an infected computer

With the help of a Trojan, an attacker gets access to stored passwords in the Trojaned computer and would be able to read personal documents, delete files and display pictures, and/or show messages on the screen









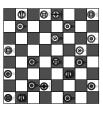
Overt and Covert Channels

Overt Channel

A legitimate communication path within a computer system, or network, for transfer of data

An overt channel can be exploited to create the presence of a covert channel by choosing components of the overt channels with care that are idle or not related





Chess.exe

Covert Channel

A channel that transfers information within a computer system, or network, in a way that violates security policy

The simplest form of covert channel is a Trojan



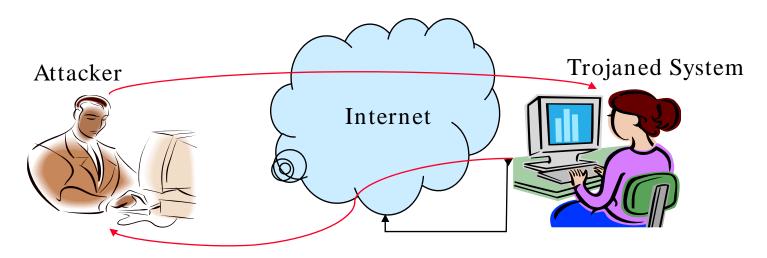


Keylogger.exe





Working of Trojans



An attacker gets access to the Trojaned system as the system goes online

By the access provided by the Trojan, the attacker can stage different types of attacks





Different Types of Trojans

Remote Access Trojans

Data-Sending Trojans

Destructive Trojans

Denial-of-Service (DoS) Attack Trojans

Proxy Trojans

FTP Trojans

Security Software Disablers









What Do Trojan Creators Look For

Credit card information

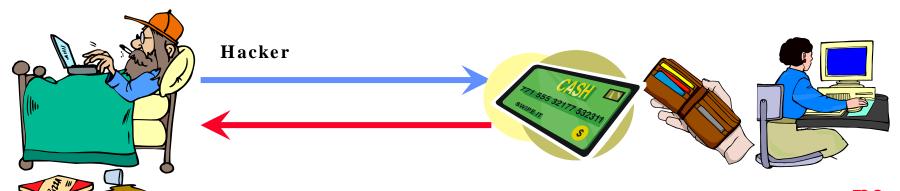
Account data (email addresses, passwords, user names, and so on)

Confidential documents

Financial data (bank account numbers, social security numbers, insurance information, and so on)

Calendar information concerning the victim's whereabouts

Using the victim's computer for illegal purposes, such as to hack, scan, flood, or infiltrate other machines on the network or Internet





Different Ways a Trojan Can Get into a System

Instant Messenger applications

IRC (Internet Relay Chat)

Attachments

Physical access

Browser and email software bugs

NetBIOS (FileSharing)

Fake programs

Untrusted sites and freeware software

Downloading files, games, and screensavers from Internet sites

Legitimate "shrink-wrapped" software packaged by a disgruntled employee







Indications of a Trojan Attack



CD-ROM drawer opens and closes by itself

Computer screen flips upside down or inverts

Wallpaper or background settings change by themselves



Documents or messages print from the printer by themselves

Computer browser goes to a strange or unknown web page by itself

Windows color settings change by themselves

Screensaver settings change by themselves





Indications of a Trojan Attack (cont'd)

Right and left mouse buttons reverse their functions

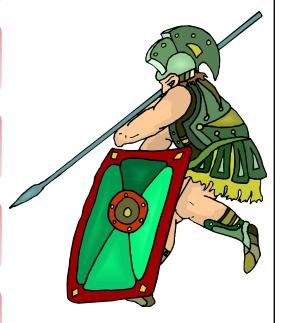
Mouse pointer disappears

Mouse pointer moves and functions by itself

Windows Start button disappears

Strange chat boxes appear on the victim's computer

The ISP complains to the victim that his/her computer is IP scanning





Indications of a Trojan Attack (cont'd)

People chatting with the victim know too much personal information about him or his computer

The computer shuts down and powers off by itself

The taskbar disappears

The account passwords are changed or unauthorized persons can access legitimate accounts

Strange purchase statements appear in the credit card bills

The computer monitor turns itself off and on

Modem dials and connects to the Internet by itself

Ctrl+Alt+Del stops working

While rebooting the computer, a message flashes that there are other users still connected









Ports Used by Trojans

Trojan	Protocol	Ports
Back Orifice	UDP	31337 or 31338
Deep Throat	UDP	2140 and 3150
NetBus	TCP	12345 and 12346
Whack-a-mole	TCP	12361 and 12362
NetBus 2 Pro	TCP	20034
GirlFriend	TCP	21544
Masters Paradise	TCP	3129, 40421, 40422, 40423 and 40426





How to Determine which Ports are "Listening"

Go to Start → Run → cmd

Type netstat -an

Type netstat -an | findstr <port number>

```
C:\WINNT\system32\cmd.exe
C:∖>netstat −an
Active Connections
         Local Address
                                  Foreign Address
  Proto
         0.0.0.0:7
  TCP
         0.0.0.0:9
  TCP
         0.0.0.0:13
  TCP
  TCP
  TCP
         0.0.0.0:1025
  TCP
  TCP
  TCP
  TCP
         0.0.0.0:1685
         0.0.0.0:2103
                                  0.0.0.0:0
```



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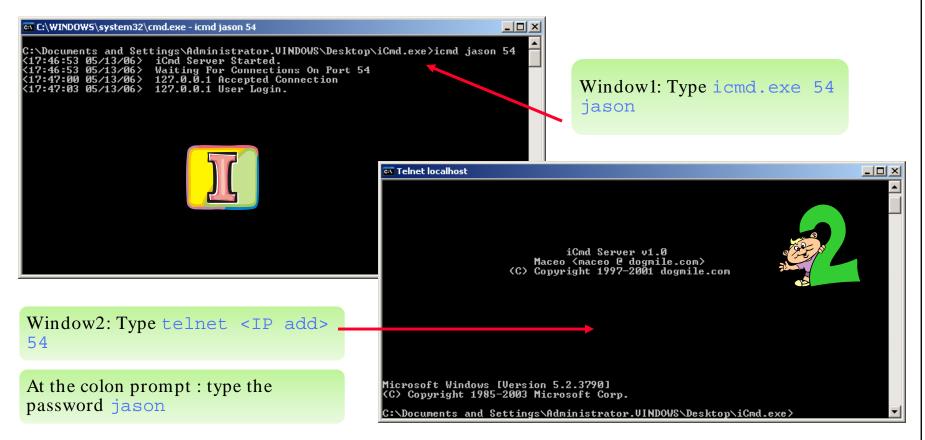


Trojans



Trojan: iCmd

iCmd works like tini.exe but accepts multiple connections and you can set a password







MoSucker Trojan

MoSucker is a Trojan that enables an attacker to get nearly complete control over an infected PC When this program is executed, get remote access on the infected machine





MoSucker Trojan: Screeenshot





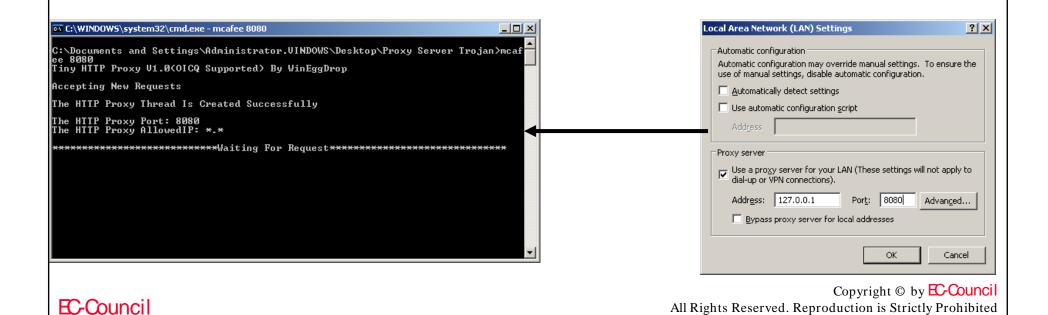


Proxy Server Trojan

This tool, when infected, starts a hidden proxy server on the victim's computer



Thousands of machines on the Internet are infected with the proxy servers using this technique

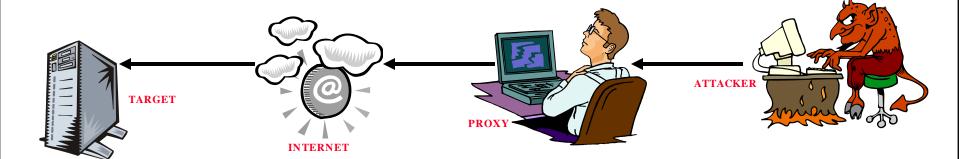




Proxy Server Trojan (cont'd)

Type mcafee 8080 on the victim machine (you can specify any port you like). You can also wrap this trojan using OneFileExe maker

Set the IP address of the proxy server and port in IE





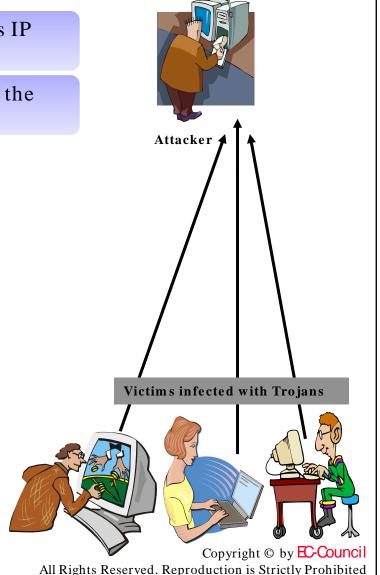
SARS Trojan Notification

SARS Trojan notification sends the location of the victim's IP address to the attacker

Whenever the victim's computer connects to the Internet, the attacker receives the notification

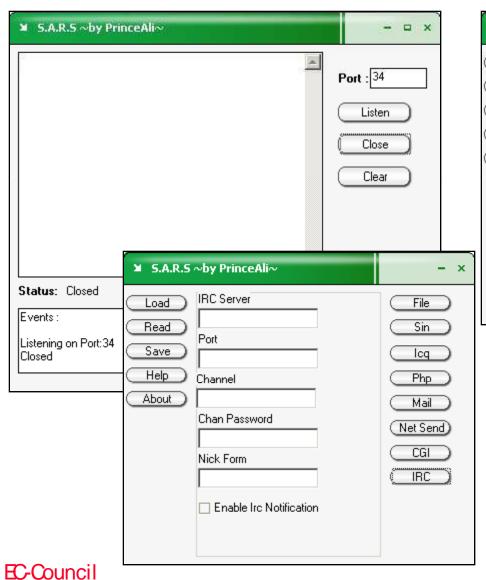
Notification types:

- SIN Notication
 - Directly notifies the attacker's server
- ICQ Notification
 - Notifies the attacker using ICQ channels
- PHP Notification
 - Sends the data by connecting to PHP server on the attacker's server
- E-Mail Notification
 - Sends the notification through email
- Net Send
 - Notification is sent through net send command
- CGI Notification
- Sends the data by connecting to PHP server on the attacker's server
- IRC notification
 - Notifies the attacker using IRC channels





SARS Trojan Notification (cont'd)







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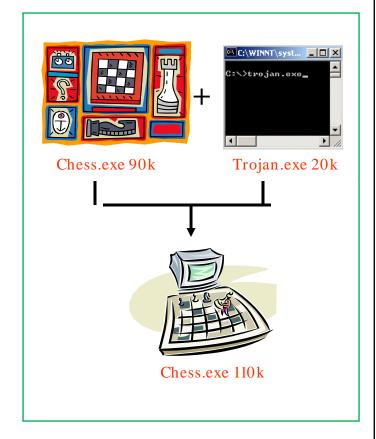
Wrappers

How does an attacker get a Trojan installed on the victim's computer? Answer: Using wrappers

A wrapper attaches a given EXE application (such as games or office applications) to the Trojan executable

The two programs are wrapped together into a single file. When the user runs the wrapped EXE, it first installs the Trojan in the background and then runs the wrapped application in the foreground

The user only sees the latter application



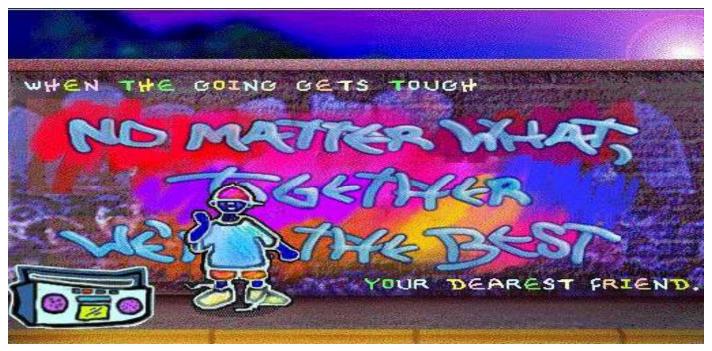
Attackers might send a birthday greeting that will install a Trojan as the user watches, for example, a birthday cake dancing across the screen



Wrapper Covert Program

Graffiti.exe is an example of a legitimate file that can be used to drop the Trojan into the target system

This program runs as soon as Windows boots up and, on execution, keeps the user distracted for a given period of time by running on the desktop







Wrapping Tools

One file EXE Maker

- Combines two or more files into a single file
- Compiles the selected list of files into one hostfile
- You can provide command line arguments
- It decompresses and executes the source program

Yet Another Binder

- Customizable options
- Supports Windows platforms
- Also known as YAB

Pretator Wrapper

• Wraps many files into a single executable









One Exe Maker / YAB / Pretator Wrappers

Senna Spy One EXE Ma	aker 2000 - 2.0a			×	Add Bind File Command:	×
Senna Spy One EXE Maker 2000 - 2.0a Official Website: http://sennaspy.tsx.org e-mail: senna_spy@hotmail.com ICQ UIN: 3973927 Join many files and make a unique EXE file. This program allow join all kind of files: exe, dll, ocx, txt, jpg, bmp Automatic OCX file register and Pack files support Windows 9x, NT and 2000 compatible!				927	Bind File: Source File Path: Target Path: (Absolute	Select command to add: Bind File Browse Path to exist. Random characters info
Short File Name	Parameters	Open Mode	Copy To Action	Add File	Creation Attributes:	☐ Read-only ☐ Archive ☐ Hidden ☐ System
STI_TRACE.LOG	· a. amororo	Normal	System Open/Execute		Execution Method:	Execute asynchronously
NTUSER.DAT		Normal	System Open/Execute Pretator v1.6	<u>D</u> elete	Execution Method.	
Command Line Parame Copyright (C),	1998-2000, By Senna Sp	Open Mode Normal Maximized Minimized Hide	C:\Documents an Execution C:\Documents an Execution Stub Filename : Copy Functions : WinDir TempDir		1 KB WinDir	Show Advanced >> OK Cancel
			SysDir Current Fake Msg Function: Bind Status:	About Icon Functio Change	ns :	Copyright © by EC-Council
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Packaging Tool: WordPad

Paste

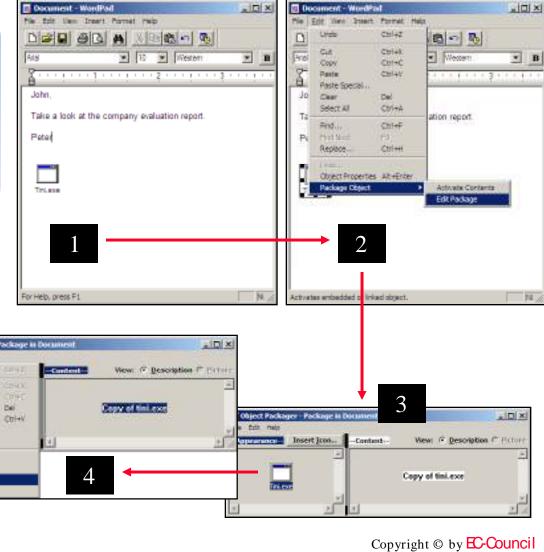
OK

Cancel

Copy Package

You can insert OLE object (example: EXE files) into a Wordpad document and change the following using the built-in package editor:

- File name text
- Icon
- Execution commands



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Command Line

Command

format c: /a

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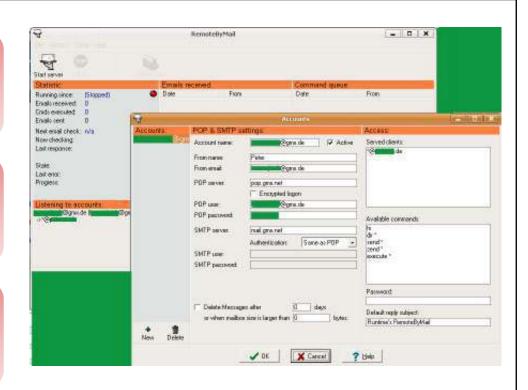


RemoteByMail

Remote Control a computer by sending email messages

It can retrieve files or folders by sending commands through email

It is an easier and more secure way of accessing files or executing programs





Send me c:\creditcard.txt file

File sent to the attacker



Any commands for me?

Here is the file attached.



Attacker

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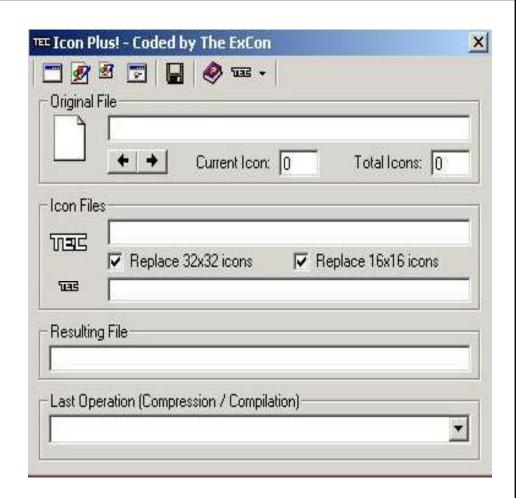


Tool: Icon Plus

Icon Plus is a conversion program for translating icons between various formats



An attacker can use this kind of application to disguise his malicious code or Trojan so that users are tricked into executing it



Classic tool presented here as proof of concept



Defacing Application: Restorator

Restorator is a versatile skin editor for any Win32 program that changes images, icons, text, sounds, videos, dialogs, menus, and other parts of the user interface

User-styled Custom Applications (UCA) can be created by using this software

Restorator has many built-in tools

Powerful find-and-grab functions let the user retrieve resources from all files on their disks

Defaced calc.exe using Restorator





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Games like Tetris, chess, and solitaire are perfect carriers for Trojans

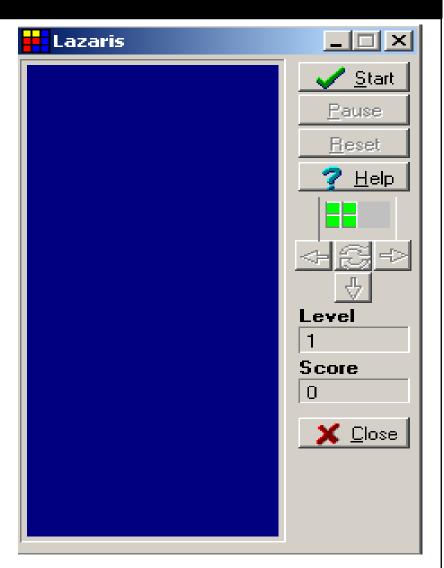
It is easy to send by email

It is easy to trick the "ignorant" users



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HTTP Trojans

The attacker must install a simple Trojan program on a machine in the internal network, the Reverse WWW shell server

Reverse WWW shell allows an attacker to access a machine on the internal network from the outside



On a regular basis, usually 60 seconds, the internal server will try to access the external master system to pick up commands

If the attacker has typed something into the master system, this command is retrieved and executed on the internal system



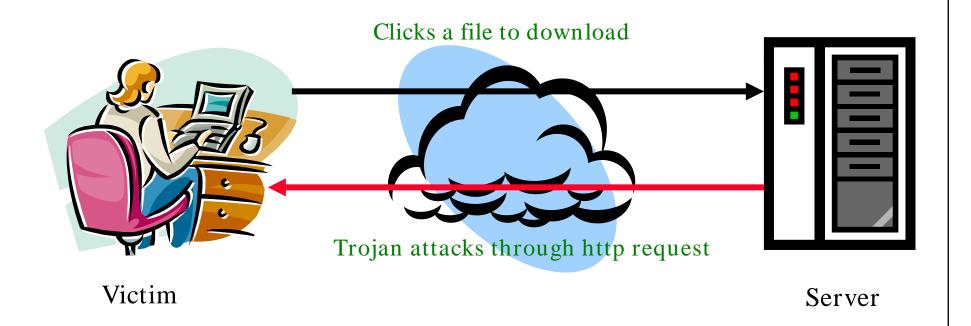


It looks like an internal agent is browsing the web





Trojan Attack through Http





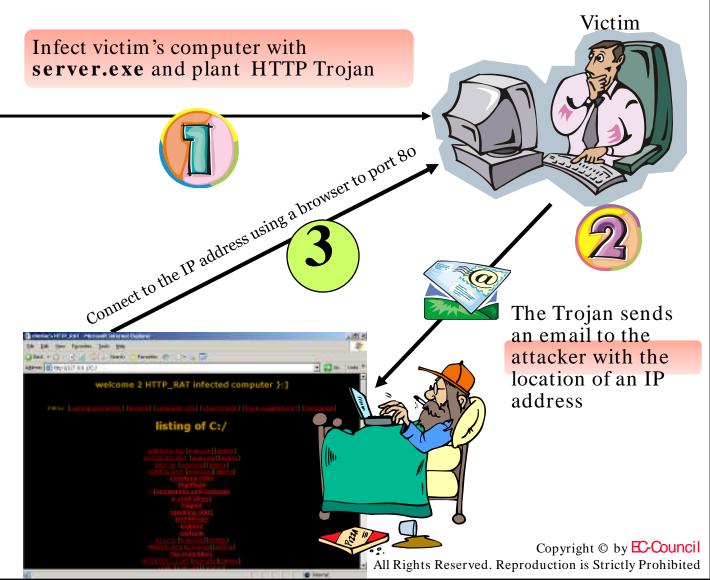


HTTP Trojan (HTTP RAT)



Generate server.exe

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Shttpd Trojan - HTTP Server

SHTTPD is a small HTTP Server that can easily be embedded inside any program

C++ Source code is provided

Even though shttpd is NOT a trojan, it can easily be wrapped with a chess.exe and turn a computer into an invisible Web Server

shttpd Trojan from http://www.eccouncil.org/cehtools/shttpd.zip id dowmloaded

Infect the Victim computer with JOUST.EXE
Shttpd should be running in the background
listening on port 443 (SSL)

Normally Firewall allows you through port 443

IP: 10.0.0.5:443

Connect to the victim using Web Browser

http://10.0.0.5:443

Attacker



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Reverse Connecting Trojans



Infect (Rebecca's) computer with **server.exe** and plant Reverse Connecting Trojan

1

Yuri, the Hacker sitting in Russia, listening for clients to connect

He usually runs the listener service on port 80

The Trojan connects to Port 80 to the Hacker in Russia establishing a reverse connection

2



Yuri, the Hacker, has complete control over Rebecca's machine

3

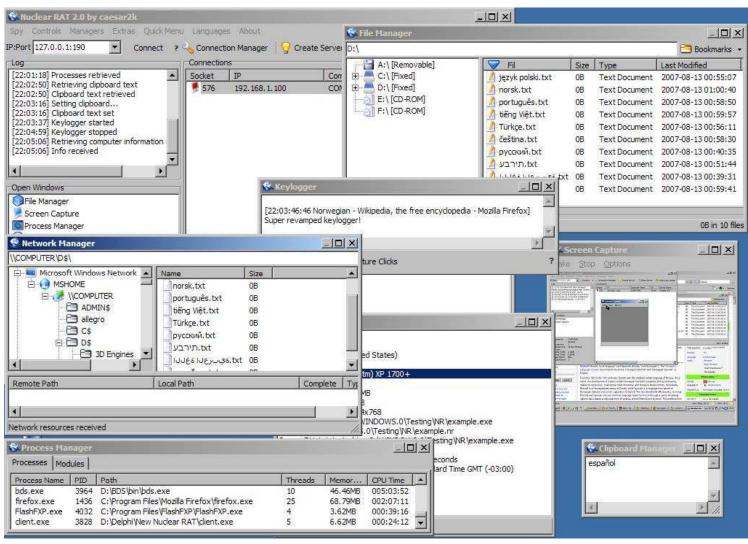
RebeccaVictim

INTERNET

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Nuclear RAT Trojan (Reverse Connecting)





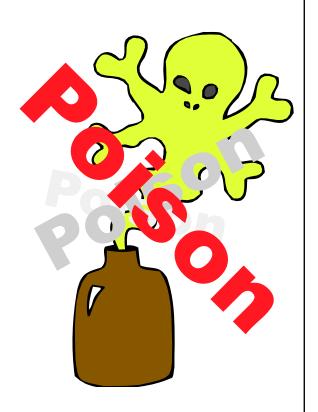


Tool: BadLuck Destructive Trojan

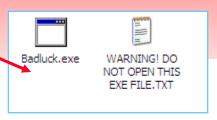
This is a dangerous and destructive tool

When executed, this tool destroys the operating system

The user will not be able to use the operating system after the machine has been infected by the Trojan



DO NOT OPEN THIS FILE!



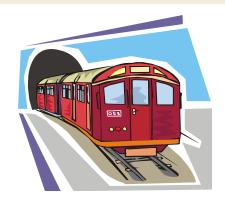


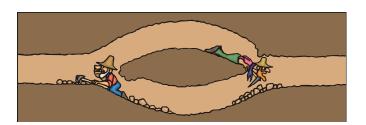
ICMP Tunneling

Covert channels are methods in which an attacker can hide the data in a protocol that is undetectable

Covert channels rely on techniques called tunneling, which allow one protocol to be carried over another protocol

ICMP tunneling is a method of using ICMP echo-request and echo-reply as a carrier of any payload an attacker may wish to use in an attempt to stealthily access, or control, a compromised system









ICMP Backdoor Trojan



```
C:\Documents and Settings\Administrator.UINDOWS\Desktop\ICMP Backdoor Win32\icmp
srv -install

=====Welcome to www.hackerxfiles.net=====

---[ ICMP-Cmd v1.0 beta, by gxisone l---
---[ E-mail: gxisone@hotmail.com l---
---[ 2003/8/15 ]---

Usage: icmpsrv -install (to install service)
icmpsrv -remove (to remove service)

Transmitting File ... Success !
Creating Service ... Success !
Starting Service ... Pending ... Success !
C:\Documents and Settings\Administrator.UINDOWS\Desktop\ICMP Backdoor Win32>
```

ICMP Client

Command: icmpsend <victim IP>

ICMP Server

Command: icmpsrv -install

Commands are sent using ICMP protocol

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Backdoor.Theef (AVP)

Using this Trojan, the server opens various ports on the victim's machine (eg. ports 69, 4700, 13500 and 2800)

Once compromised, the hacker can perform many functions on the victim's machine, rendering it completely vulnerable

A brief list of the functions available:

- File system: upload/download, execute, etc
- Regsitry: full editing
- System: force shutdown, disable mouse/keyboard, shutdown firewalls/AV software, set user name etc. (plus lots more)
- Spy: start/stop keylogger, grab logged data
- Machine Info: Email/dialup/user details options to retrieve or set for all





Backdoor.Theef (AVP): Screenshot





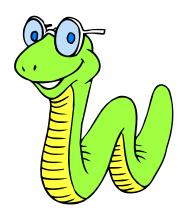


T2W (TrojanToWorm)

Use any file with the stub transforming it into worm











Biorante RAT

Features:

Highlighted connection list if webcam is detected

Online Keylogger

Screen Capture - PNG compression

Webcam Capture - PNG compression

Computer information with customizable script

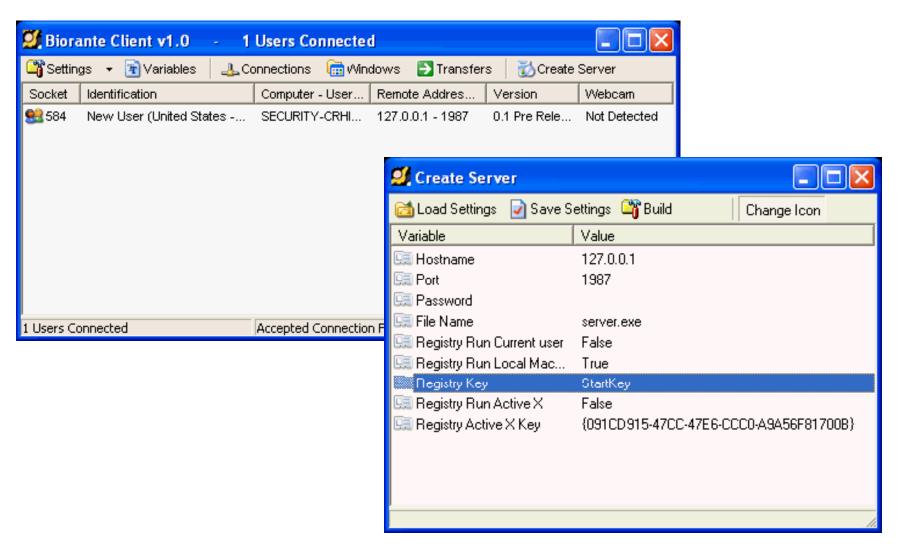
Uses only 1 port

Each server assigns own download folder\profile





Biorante RAT: Screenshots





DownTroj is a Trojan horse with the following features:

- Remote messagebox
- Remote info
- Remote file browser (+ download, upload, delete, make/del dir)
- Remote shell
- Remote task manager (+ start/kill)
- Remote keylogger
- Remotely reboot or shutdown system

Coded in C/C++ and also has:

- Reverse connection(bypasses routers)
- More victims at the same time
- Unlimited number of hosts/ports to connect to
- Installing into location where it is impossible to access with windows explorer
- Task manager process hidder
- Windows firewall bypass

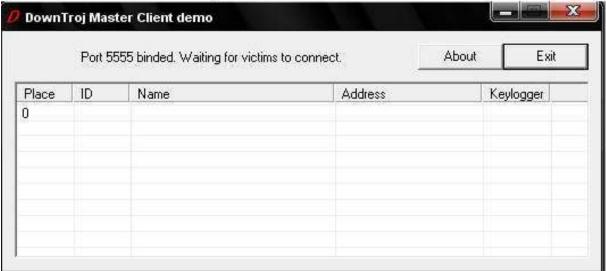






DownTroj: Screenshot

Port to listen:	5555
Login command:	login
Max. sim. victims:	1
Ping interval:	50
Fransfer port:	5556
Exit	Continue





Turkojan can get remote passwords via advanced password manager

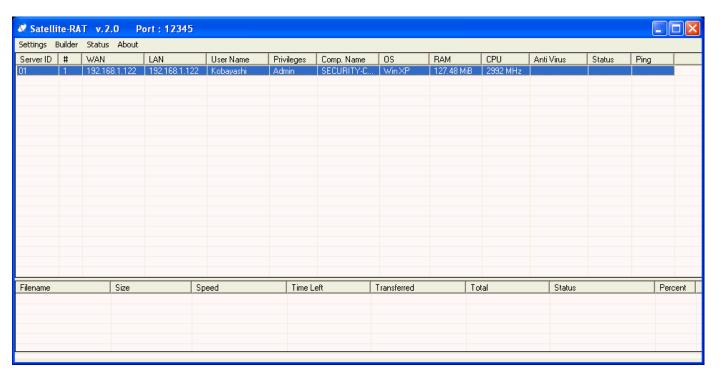






Trojan.Satellite-RAT

Elevated risks are typically installed without adequate notice and consent and may make unwanted changes to your system, such as reconfiguring your browser's homepage and search settings







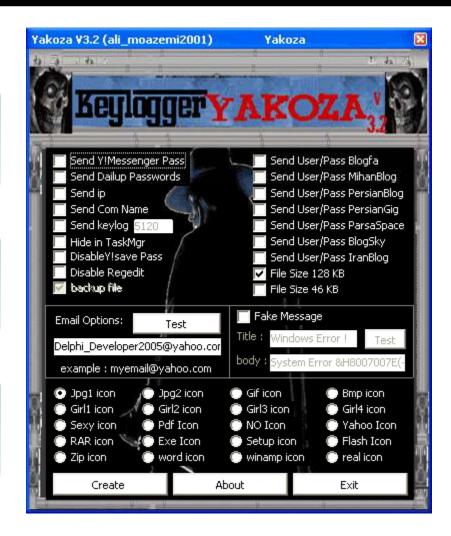
Added to Registry:

HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\
Microsoft\Windows

NT\CurrentVersion\Winlogon "Shell"

Old data: Explorer.exe

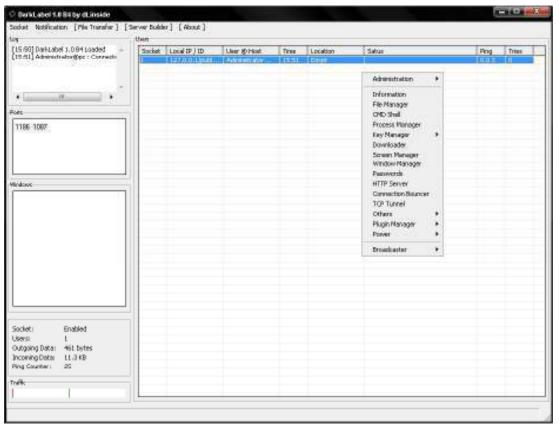
New data: explorer.exe svshost.exe





DarkLabel B4

DarkLabel is a firewall bypass reverse connection remote administration tool, that allows you to remotely control computers that are behind firewalls and routers





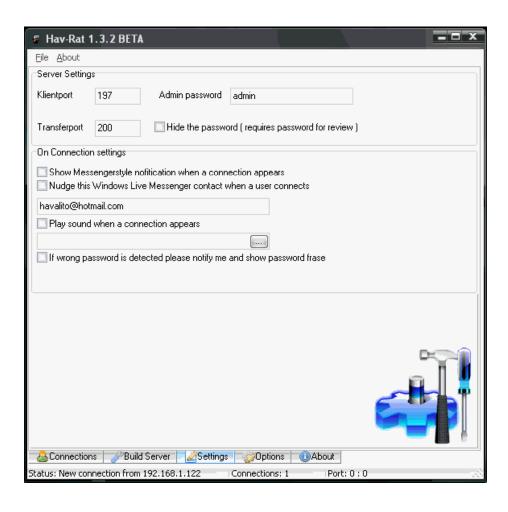


Trojan.Hav-Rat

Hav-Rat uses reverse connection, so, no need for opening ports on target/user

This tool can mess with people and steal information







Poison Ivy

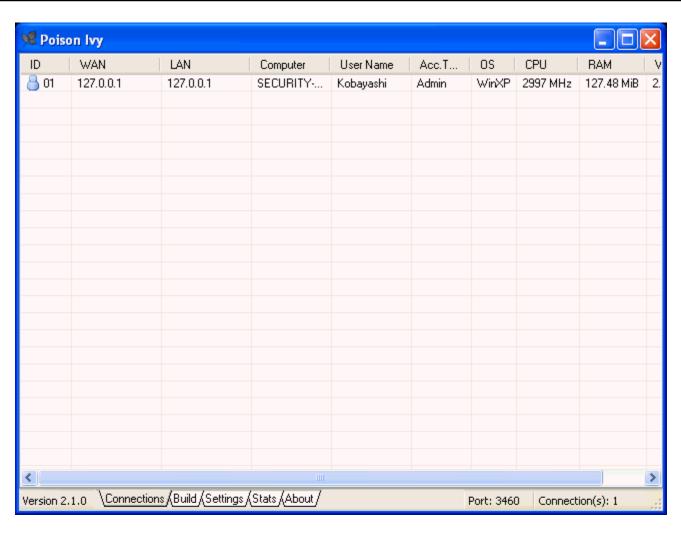


PI is a reverse connection, forward remote administration tool, written in masm (server) and Delphi (client)

PI does not use any plugins/dlls or any other files besides the server and does not drop any other files on the target system



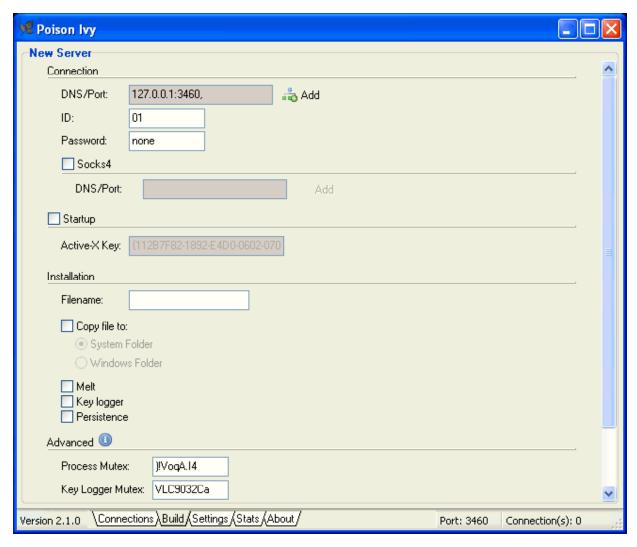
Poison Ivy: Screenshot 1







Poison Ivy: Screenshot 2







Rapid Hacker

Rapid Hacker can hack / crack / bypass waiting limit at Rapidshare.com and Rapidshare.de





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SharK uses the RC4 cipher to encrypt the traffic

Keylogger works with WH_KEYBOARD_LL hooks

Manipulate running processes, windows, and services from the remote console

Interactive Process blacklisting, which alerts the attacker if the blacklisted process is found on the victim's machine and prompts the attacker to take action

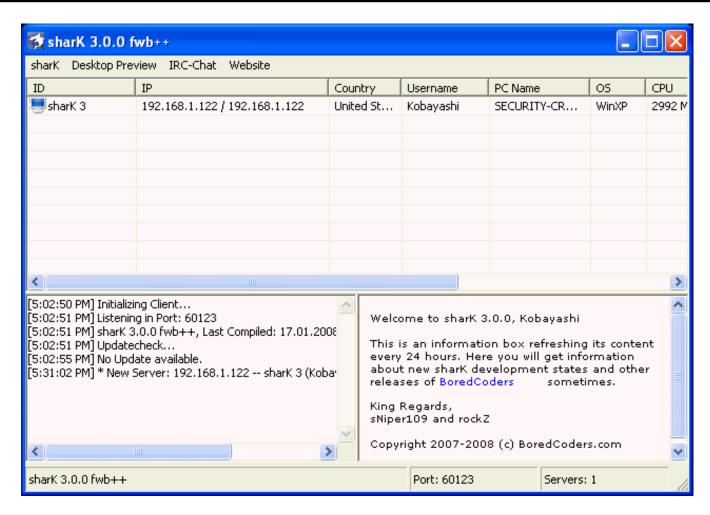
Code injection into a hidden Internet Explorer window is an attempt to bypass firewalls







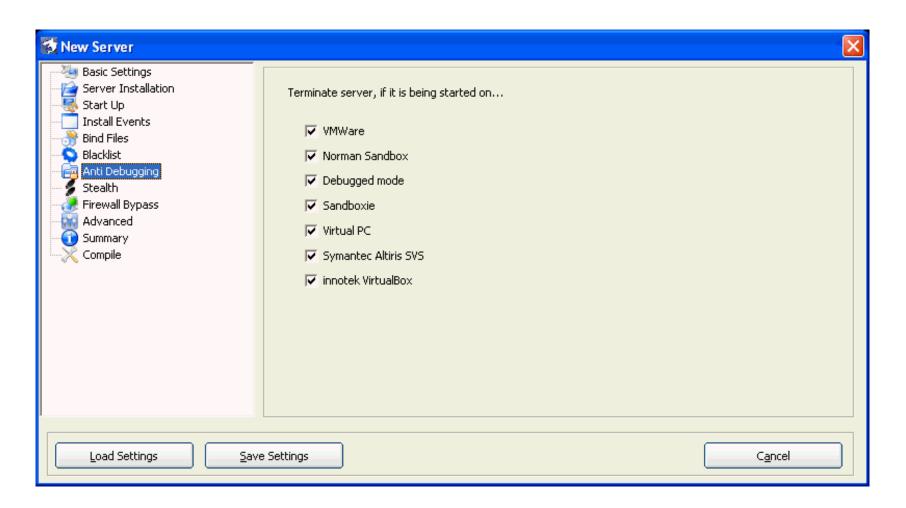
Shark: Screenshot 1







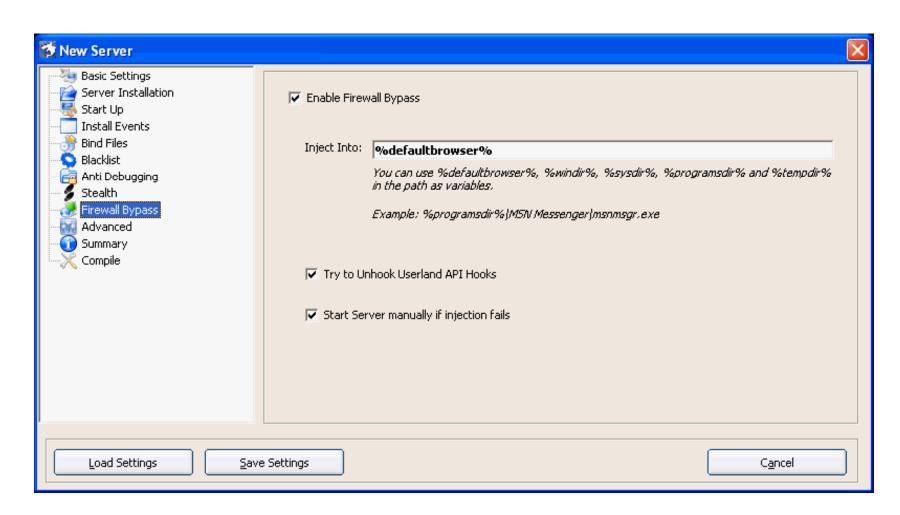
Shark: Screenshot 2







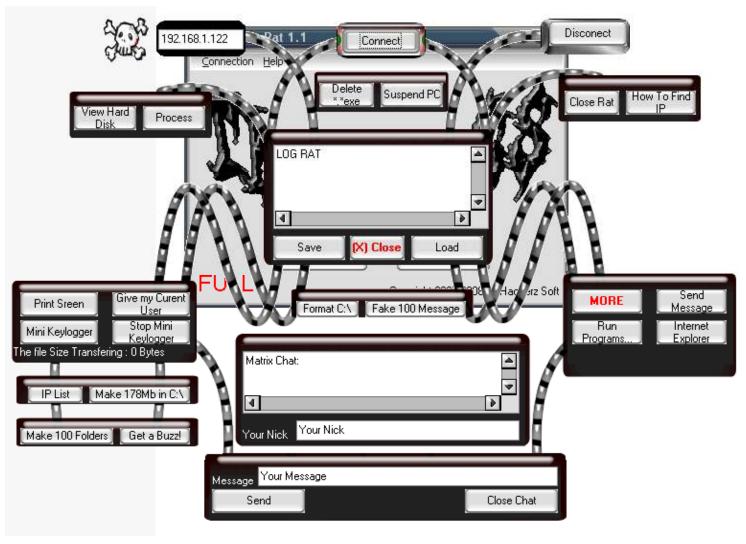
Shark: Screenshot 3







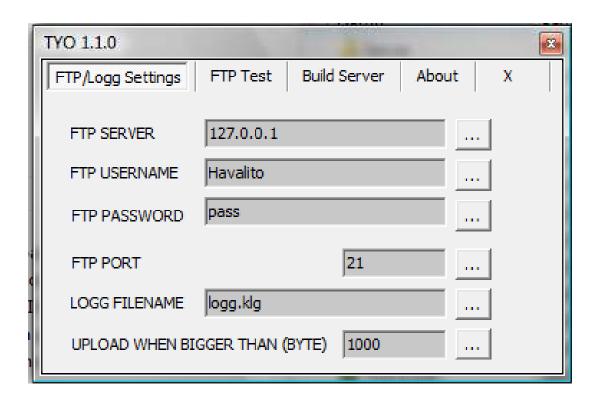
HackerzRat







It is a FTP keylogger and compatible with windows vista





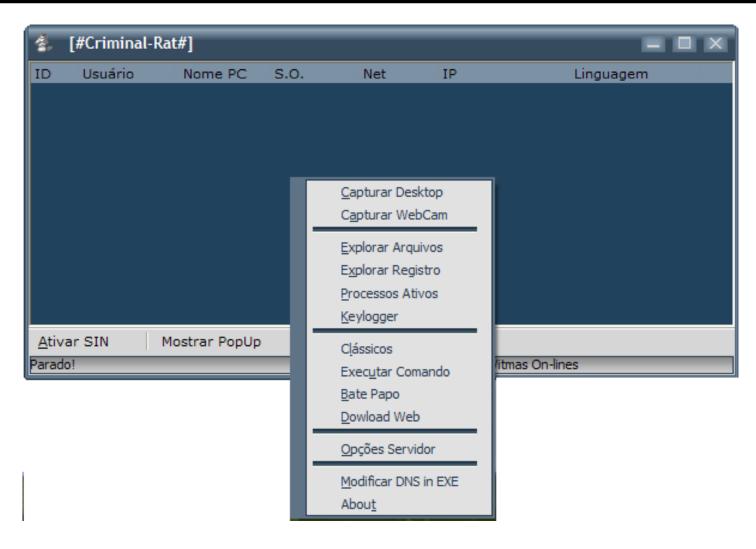
1337 Fun Trojan

13	37 Fun Rat - Client		● ●	
Connection			-11	
Status: Online 127.0.0.1	1337 Connect [(Dîsconnect)	Close Server	
Message Functions	Browser Functions	Kill Functions		
Title				
Message Send Error	http:// Open Browser	Kill Browsers Kill ICQ	explorer.exe Kill Process	
Windows Functions	Disable/Lock/Oper	n Ena	ble/Unlock/Open	
Logout User Reboot Windov	Disable CMD		Enable CMD	
Shutdown Windows Send a Beep	Send a Beep Open CD Drive		Close CD Drive	
	Disable Taskmar	nager E	nable Taskmanager	
Send	Connect Quit Chat			
About 1337 Fun Rat	tel til til			
Made by nom. Written in VB6.	hanks to vb-v org Visit Bac	rkuard-Source ne	E T	
made by none white in a vote	mariks to valviorg, visit, bac	Skydid Oddice ne	1	
	uit 1337 Fun Rat			



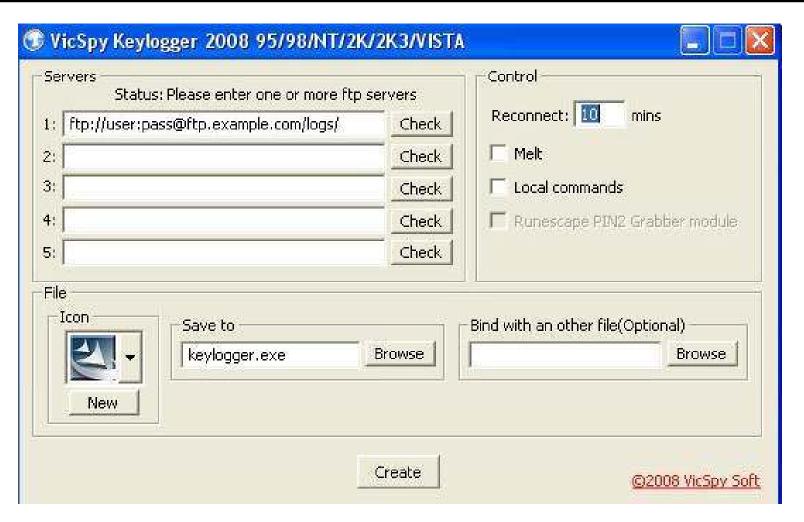


Criminal Rat Beta









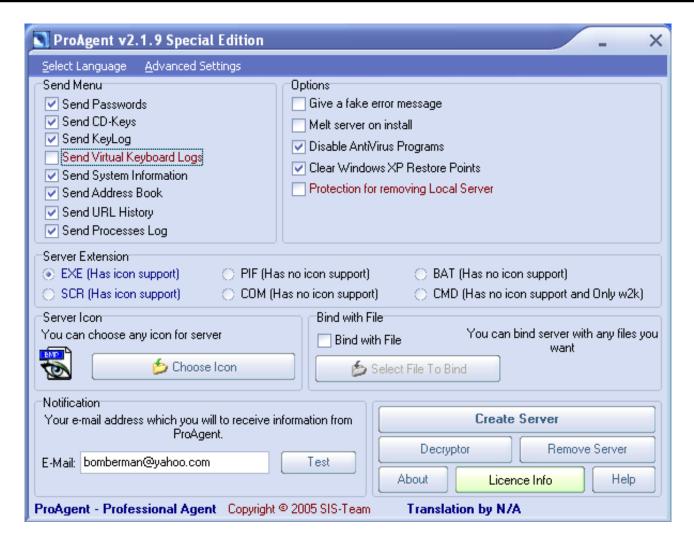








ProAgent

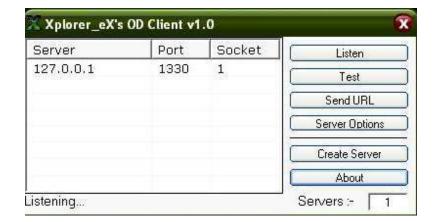






Features:-

- Remote Web Downloader (Main Function)
- Downloads and executes a file from the Internet remotely Windows XP & Windows Server Rooting (Remote desktop)
- Adds a admin user to the host and allows for remote desktop connection
 - Username:- xplorer
 - Password:- 13vel69
 - Remove Server
- Uninstalls the server from the host Shutdown Server
- Shutdowns the server but does not uninstall

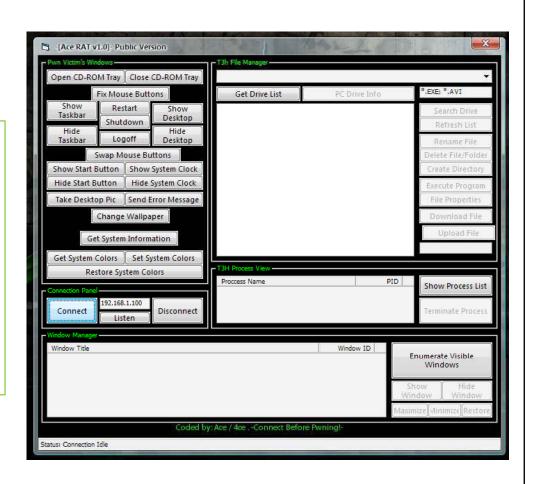






Features:

- Shutoff, Log Off Victimes PC
- Full functioning and interactive File Manager
- Send Error Msg's
- System Info
- Change Wallpaper, System Colors





Mhacker-PS



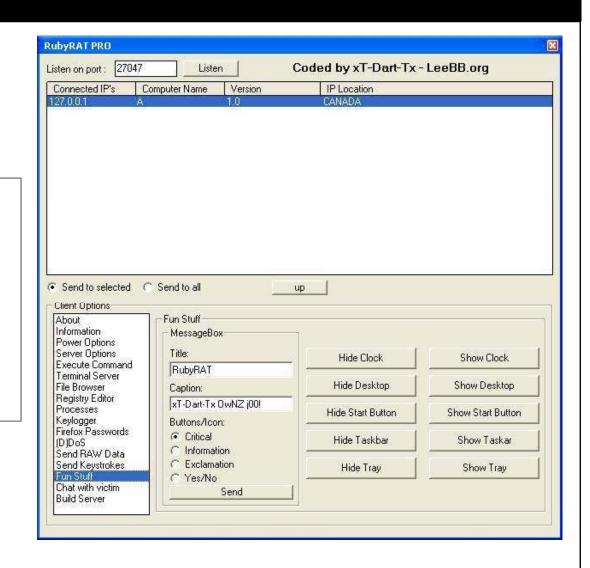




RubyRAT Public

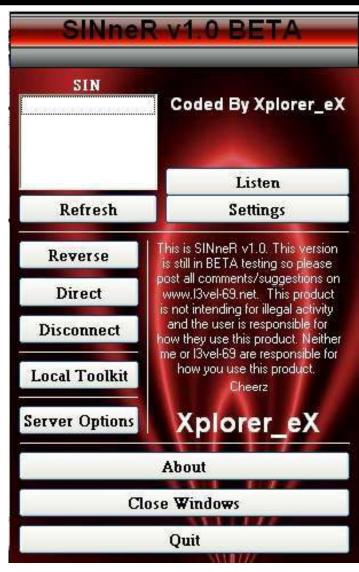
Features:

- Get Basic Computer Information
- Execute Command (Sends back output!)
- Terminal Server (Remote Desktop) enabler/disabler
- File Browser with File Upload/Download/Execute/File Info List/Kill Processes
- Active or Offline keylogger







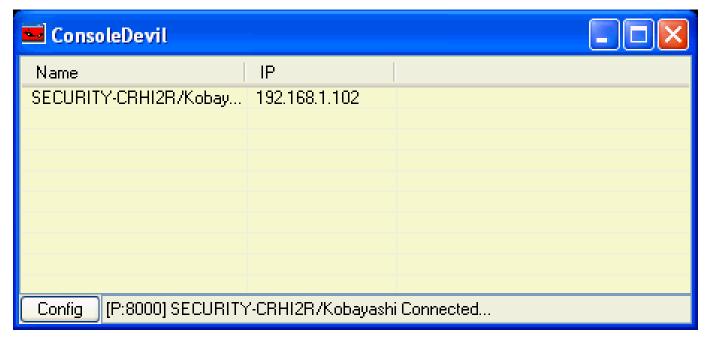






ConsoleDevil

ConsoleDevil is a small RAT (Remote Administration Tool) that allows you to take control over a remote computers windows console (command prompt) from where you can do almost everything such as pinging servers, browse directories





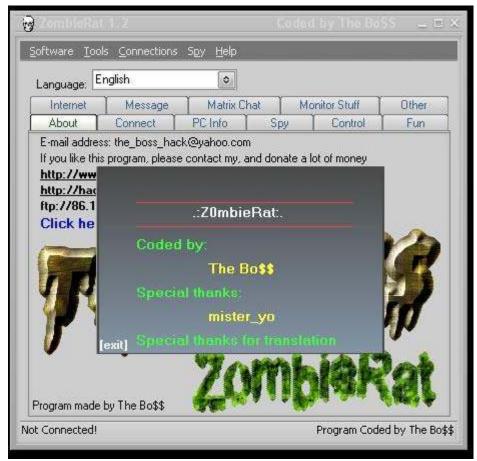


ZombieRat

ZombieRat is made in Delphi 2005

Features:

- Opens Windows
 Program -Msconfig,
 Calculator, Paint,
 Narrator,
 NotePade, WordPad,
 RegEdit, Clock
- Kills processes







FTP Trojan - TinyFTPD

TinyFTPD is a simple FTP Trojan which supports most of the standard FTPD Commands

IP can login 8 times simultaneously

Usage:

• Tinyftpd [ControlPort] [BindPort] [UserName] [Password] [HomeDir] [AllowedIP] [Access] [-Hide]

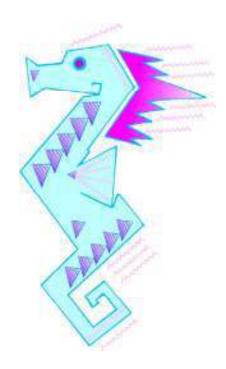




VNC Trojan starts VNC Server daemon in the background when infected

It connects to the victim using any VNC viewer with the password "secret"

Since VNC program is considered a utility - this Trojan will never be detected by Anti Virus

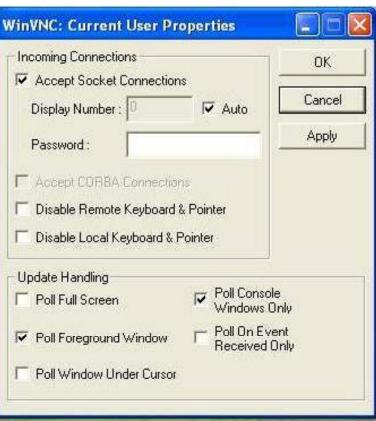






VNC Trojan: Screenshots

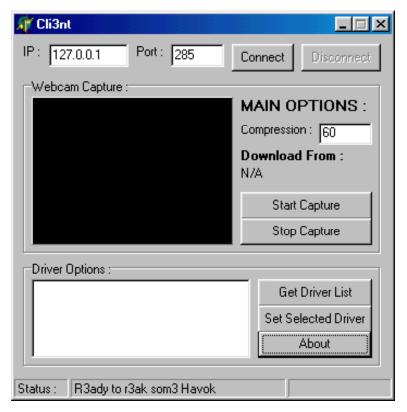






Webcam Trojan

Webcam Trojan provides an attacker with the capability of remotely controlling a machine via a client in the attackers machine and a server in the victims machine





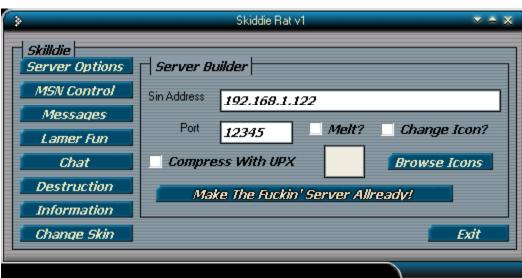






Skiddie Rat



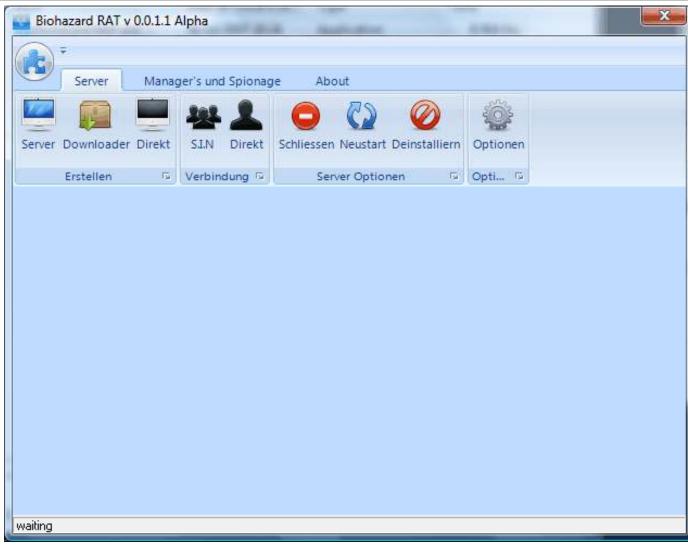


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Biohazard RAT





Troya is a remote Trojan without Client, for controlling another PC from your PC

It is a web-based Trojan

After sending and running server in the Remote PC, you can put the IP Address of that PC in your web browser and connect to that PC and take control of it

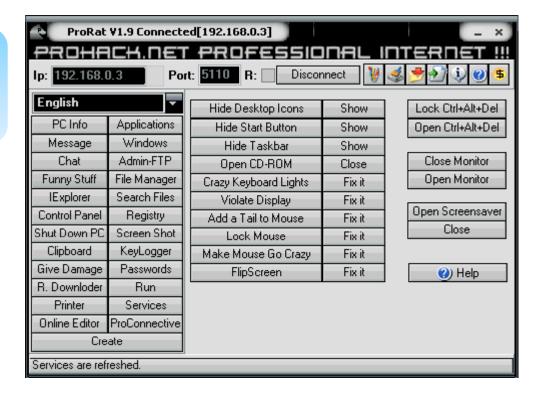




Activation Key:

• User: mohdjase1

• Key: 66618e869accfc4f96





Remote Access

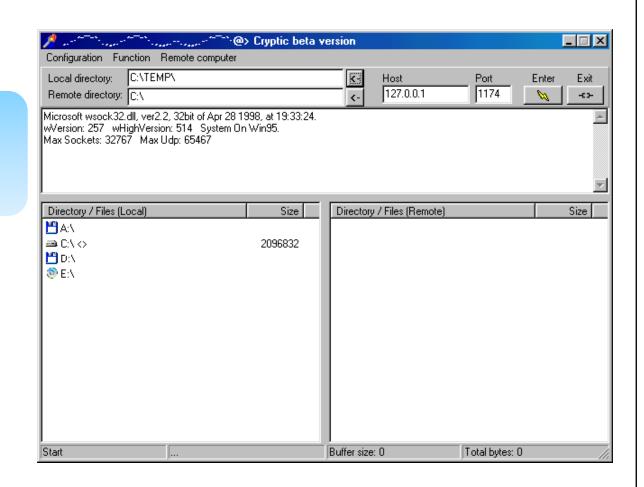
Works as a keylogger



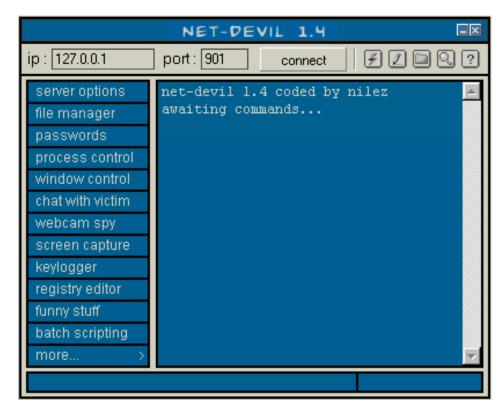


Functions:

- Registry access
- File upload/download
- Keylogger











Trojan: PokerStealer.A

PokerStealer. A is a Trojan that heavily relies on social engineering

It comes with the filename PokerGame.app as 65 KB Zip archive; unzipped, it is 180 KB

When it runs, activates ssh on the infected machine, then sends the user name and password hash, along with the IP address of the Mac, to a specified e-mail address with a subject "Howdy"

It asks for an administrator's password after displaying a dialog saying, "A corrupt preference file has been detected and must be repaired

After obtaining the password the attacker can take control on the machine and delete all the necessary files





PokerStealer.A: Screenshot







Trojan:Hovdy.a

Hovdy.a, is an exploit for the recently revealed and unpatched privilege escalation bug in Apple Remote Desktop

It asks for an administrator's password by displaying a dialog saying, "A corrupt preference file has been detected and must be repaired

It gathers the username, password and IP address from the infected system and send it to the server

After obtaining the password the attacker can take control on the machine and delete all the files from the hard disk





Hovdy.a: Screenshot









Classic Trojans



Classic Trojans Found in the Wild

Warning

These are classic outdated tools and is presented here for proof of concept (You will not be able to find the source code for these tools on the Internet). It is presented in this module so that you are encouraged to view the source code of these tools to understand the attack engineering behind them.

Beast

Phatbot

Amitis

QAZ

Back Orifice

Back Oriffice 2000

Tini

NetBus

SubSeven

Netcat

Donald Dick

Let me rule

RECUB





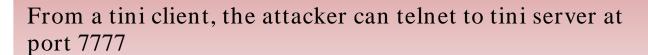


Trojan: Tini

Tini is a tiny Trojan program that is only 3 kb and programmed in assembly language. It takes minimal bandwidth to get on a victim's computer and it takes a small amount of disk space



Tini only listens on port 7777 and runs a command prompt when someone attaches to this port. The port number is fixed and cannot be customized. This makes it easier for a victim system to detect by scanning for port 7777



source: http://ntsecurity.nu/toolbox/tini





Tini: Screenshot

```
[root@LinuxWorkstation data]#
[root@LinuxWorkstation data]# nc -1 -p 4444 > tiniInfo.txt
[root@LinuxWorkstation data]# ls
                              pslistText.txt similar tiniInfo.txt
[root@LinuxWorkstation data]# cat tiniInfo.txt
ListDLLs U2.23 - DLL lister for Win9x/NT
Copyright (C) 1997-2000 Mark Russinovich
http://www.sysinternals.com
tini.exe pid: 1196
Command line: tini.exe
                       Version
                                       Path
             Size
 Base
                                       c:\windows\system3Z\tini.exe
 0×00400000 0×10000
[rootOLinuxWorkstation data]# _
```



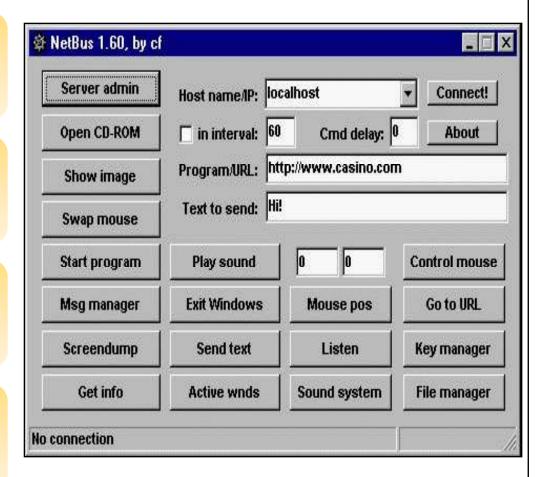
Trojan: NetBus

NetBus is a Win32-based Trojan program

Like Back Orifice, NetBus allows a remote user to access and control the victim's machine by way of its Internet link

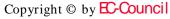
It was written by a Swedish programmer named Carl-Fredrik Neikter, in March 1998

This virus is also known as Backdoor.Netbus



Source: http://www.jcw.cc/netbus-download.html

Classic Trojan presented here as proof of concept





Trojan: Netcat

Netcat is called the "swiss-army" knife of networking tools

Provides a basic TCP/UDP networking subsystem that allows users to interact manually or via script with network applications

Outbound or inbound connections, TCP or UDP, to or from any ports

Built-in port-scanning capabilities with randomizer

Built-in loose source-routing capability

Cryptcat tool: Netcat with encryption



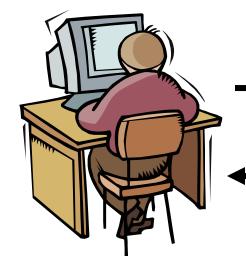


Netcat: Screenshot

```
C:\WINDOWS\System3Z\cmd.exe
C:\>nc.exe —h
[v1.11 NT www.vulnwatch.org/netcat/]
                        nc [-options] hostname port[s] [ports] ...
connect to somewhere:
                        nc -1 -p port [options] [hostname] [port]
listen for inbound:
options:
                        detach from console, background mode
                         inbound program to exec [dangerous!!]
        e prog
                        source-routing hop point[s], up to 8
          gateway
                        source-routing pointer: 4, 8, 12, ...
        -G num
                         this cruft
                        delay interval for lines sent, ports scanned
        i secs
                         listen mode, for inbound connects
                         listen harder, re-listen on socket close
                        numeric-only IP addresses, no DNS
        -o file
                        hex dump of traffic
                         local port number
        -p port
                        randomize local and remote ports
        -s addr
                         local source address
                        answer IELNEI negotiation
                        UDP node
                        verbose [use twice to be more verbose]
                        timeout for connects and final net reads
        -w secs
                        zero-I/O node [used for scanning]
port numbers can be individual or ranges: n-n [inclusive]
C: \setminus \Sigma
```



Netcat Client/Server



Connect to the Netcat server

Server pushes a "shell" to the client



Netcat server

Netcat client

Option	Description
-d	Allows netcat to detach from the console on Windows NT.
-е	Executes a program if netcat is compiled with the
	-DGAPING_SECURITY_HOLE.
-i	Sets the interval time. Netcat uses large 8K reads and writes. This basically sends data one line at a time. This is normally used when data is read from files or pipes.
-g	Used to construct a loose-source-routed path for your connection. This is modeled after "traceroute".
-G	Positions the "hop pointer" within the list.
-1	Forces netcat to listen for an inbound connection. An example "nc –l –p 1234 <filename" 1234="" a="" accept="" an="" and="" bound="" connecting="" connection="" file="" filename.="" for="" foreign="" from="" host="" if="" is="" it="" listen="" made="" named="" netcat="" not.="" on="" once="" one,="" only="" or="" port="" port.<="" send="" sent="" source="" specified="" specify="" system="" target="" td="" tells="" that="" the="" to="" wants="" whether="" will="" you=""></filename">
-L	Restarts Netcat with the same command line that was used when the connection was started This way you can connect over and over to the same Netcat process.
-n	Forces netcat to only accept numeric IP addresses and to not do any DNS lookups for anything
-0	Used to obtain a hex dump file of the data sent either way, use "-o logfile". The dump lines begin with "<" or ">" to respectively indicate "from the net" or "to the net", and contain the total count per direction, and hex or ascii representations of the traffic.
-р	Required for outbound connections. The parameter can be numeric or a name as listed in the services file. If -p is not used netcat will bind to whatever unused port the systems gives it, unless the -r option is used.
-r	Causes port scanning to be done randomly. Normally it is done highest to lowest.
-s	Used to specify local network source address. Usage "-s ip-addr" or "-s name".
-t	Enables netcat to respond to telnet option negotiation if netcat is compiled with -DTELNET parameter. Telnet daemons will get no useful answers, as they would from a telnet program.
-u	Tells netcat to use UDP instead of TCP.
-v	(without –n) netcat will do a full forward and reverse name and address lookup for the host, and warn you about the all-to-common problem of mismatched names in the DNS. Usually want to use the –w 3, which limits the time spent trying to make a connection. If multiple ports are given –v must be specified twice.
-w	Limits the time spent trying to make a connection.
-z	Prevents sending any data to a TCP connection and very limited probe data to a UDP connection. Use –į to insert a delay between each port probe. This is useful as a fast scanning mode just to see what ports the target is listening on.

Trojan: Beast

Beast is a powerful Remote Administration Tool (AKA Trojan) built with Delphi 7

One of the distinct features of the Beast is that it is an all-in-one Trojan (client, server, and server editor are stored in the same application)

An important feature of the server is that it uses injecting technology

New version has system time management





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Hacking Tools

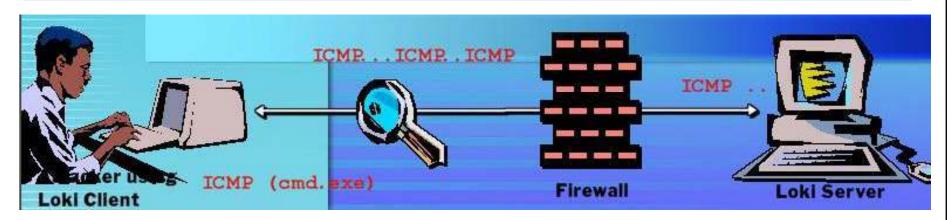


Hacking Tool: Loki

(www.phrack.com)

Loki was written by daemon9 to provide shell access over ICMP, making it much more difficult to detect than TCP- or UDP-based backdoors

As far as the network is concerned, a series of ICMP packets are shot back and forth: a ping, pong response. As far as the attacker is concerned, commands can be typed into the Loki client and executed on the server



Classic tool presented here as proof of concept

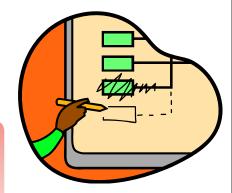




Loki Countermeasures

Configure firewall to block ICMP or limit the allowable IP's incoming and outgoing echo packets

Blocking ICMP will disable the ping request and may cause an inconvenience to users



Be careful while deciding on security versus convenience

Loki also has the option to run over UDP port 53 (DNS queries and responses)





Atelier Web Remote Commander

Access to the remote computer desktop

Local files can be uploaded to the remote system

Files can be remotely zipped or unzipped

Allows sending or receiving the Clipboard contents like text, pictures, and Windows Clipboard formats







Trojan Horse Construction Kit

Trojan Horse construction kits help hackers to construct Trojan horses of their choice

The tools in these kits can be dangerous and can backfire if not executed properly



- The Trojan Horse Construction Kit v2.0
- The Progenic Mail Trojan Construction Kit PMT
- Pandora's Box











Trojan Detecting Tools



How to Detect Trojans

Scan for suspicious open ports using tools such as:

- Netstat
- Fport
- TCPView

Scan for suspicious running processes using:

- Process Viewer
- What's on my computer
- Insider

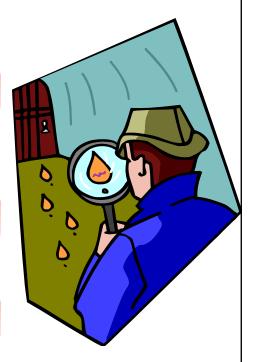
Scan for suspicious registry entries using the following tools:

- What's running on my computer
- MS Config

Scan for suspicious network activities:

Ethereal

Run Trojan scanner to detect Trojans

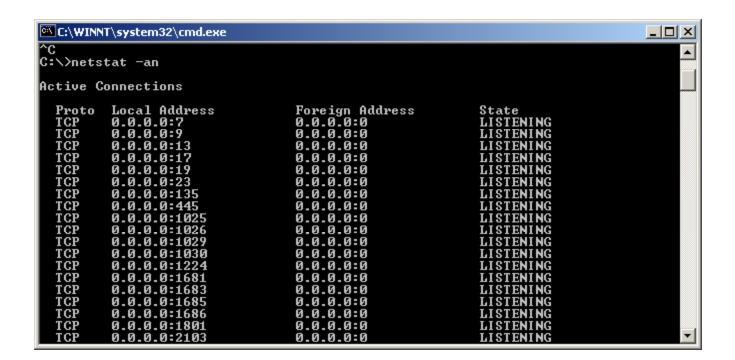






Tool:Netstat

Netstat is used to display active TCP connections, IP routing tables, and ports on which the computer is listening







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Tool: fPort

fport reports all open TCP/IP and UDP ports, and maps them to the owning application



fport can be used to quickly identify unknown open ports and their associated applications

```
_ | D | X
C:\WINNT\system32\cmd.exe
E:\New Share\fport\Fport-2.0>fport
FPort v2.0 - TCP/IP Process to Port Mapper
Copyright 2000 by Foundstone, Inc.
http://www.foundstone.com
Pid
       Process
                                     Proto Path
                            7
9
13
17
19
23
135
139
445
                                            C:\WINNT\System32\tcpsvcs.exe
       tepsves
                                            C:\WINNT\System32\tcpsvcs.exe
       tepsves
                                     TCP
TCP
TCP
TCP
TCP
TCP
                                            C:\WINNT\System32\tcpsvcs.exe
       tepsves
                                            C:\WINNT\System32\tcpsvcs.exe
       tepsves
                                            C:\WINNT\System32\tcpsvcs.exe
       tepsves
                                            C:\WINNT\system32\tlntsvr.exe
       tlntsvr
                                            C:\WINNT\system32\svchost.exe
       svchost
       System
                                     ŤČP
       System
                                     TCP
TCP
TCP
                             1025
                                            C:\WINNT\System32\msdtc.exe
       msdtc
                             1026
                                            C:\WINNT\system32\MSTask.exe
       MSTask
                             1029
                                            C:\WINNT\system32\mqsvc.exe
      mgsvc
                             1030
1224
                                     TCP
                                            C:\WINNT\system32\inetsrv\inetinfo.exe
       inetinfo
                                            C:\Program Files\MSN Messenger\msnmsgr.exe
       msnmsgr
                                     TCP
                                            C:\Program Files\MSN Messenger\msnmsgr.exe
C:\Program Files\MSN Messenger\msnmsgr.exe
       msnmsgr
                                     TCP
       msnmsgr
                                            C:\Program Files\MSN Messenger\msnmsgr.exe
       msnmsgr
                                            C:\WINNT\system32\mgsvc.exe
       mgsvc
```

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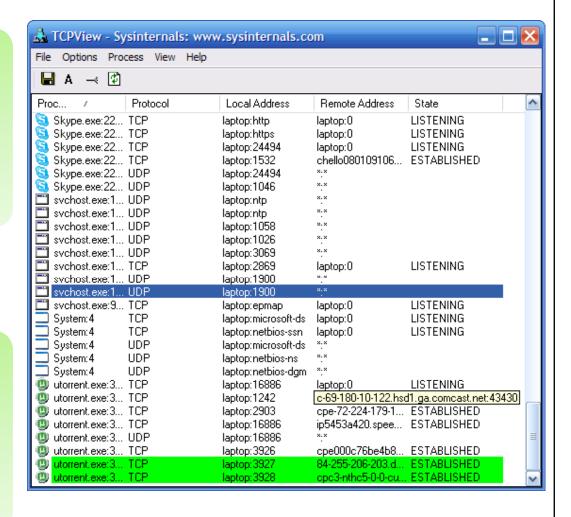


Tool: TCPView

TCPView is a Windows program that will show the detailed listings of all TCP and UDP endpoints on the system, including the local and remote addresses and state of TCP connections



When TCPView is run, it will enumerate all active TCP and UDP endpoints, resolving all IP addresses to their domain name versions





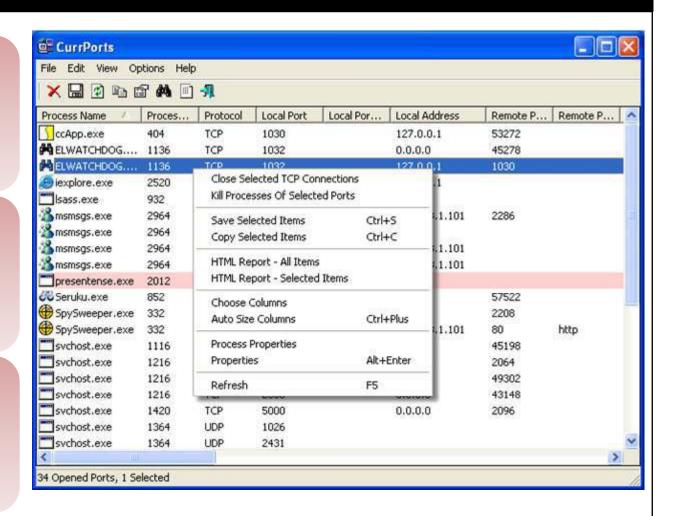


CurrPorts Tool

CurrPorts allows you to view a list of ports that are currently in use and the application that is using it

You can close a selected connection and also terminate the process using it, and export all or selected items to an HTML or text report

It is a valuable tool for checking your open ports





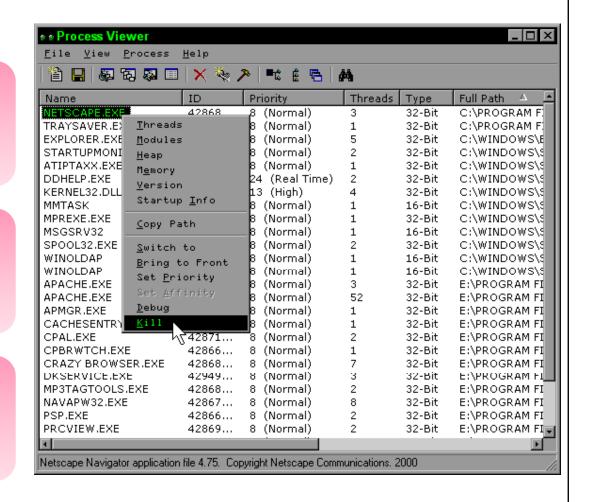


Tool: Process Viewer

PrcView is a process viewer utility that displays the detailed information about processes running under Windows

PrcView comes with a command line version that allows the user to write scripts to check if a process is running to kill it, and so on

The Process Tree shows the process hierarchy for all running processes







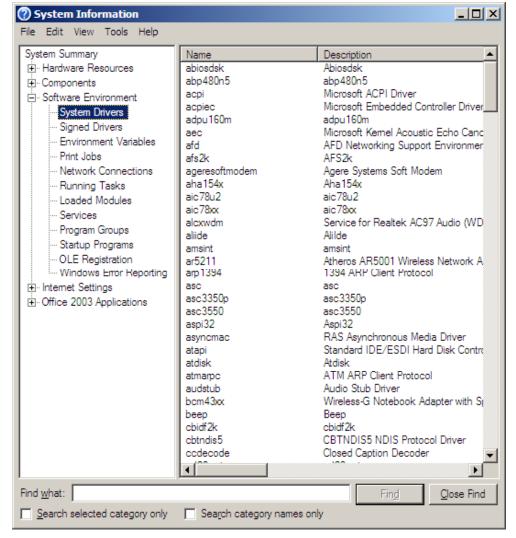
Delete Suspicious Device Drivers

Check for kernel-based device drivers and remove the suspicious "sys" files

Sometimes, the file is locked when the system is running; boot the system in safe mode and delete the file

If still "access denied," then boot the system in console mode and delete them

View the loaded drivers by going to Start → All Programs → Accessories → System Tools → System Information







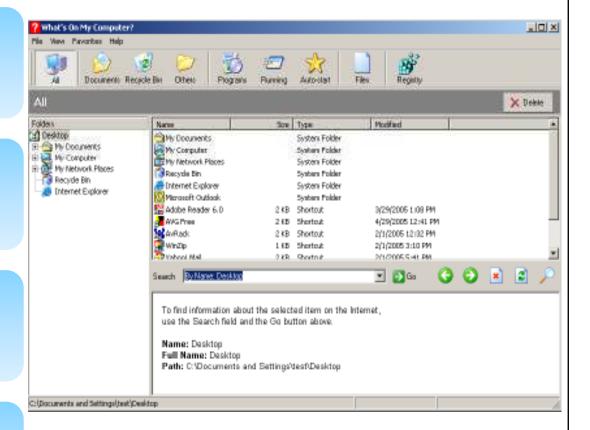
Check for Running Processes: What's on My Computer

It provides additional information about any file, folder, or program running on your computer

Allows search of information on the web

Keeps out viruses and Trojans

Keeps your computer secure







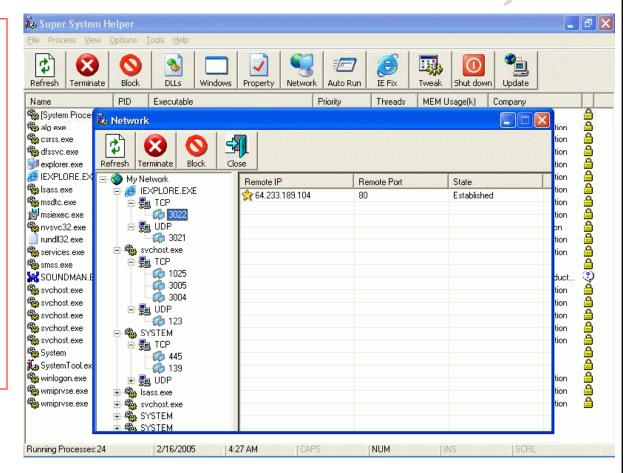
Super System Helper Tool



The key features of the tool are as follows:

- It takes complete control over all running processes
- It shows all open ports and maps them to running processes
- It shows all DLLs loaded or Windows opened by each process
- It terminates or blocks any process, and manages start-up applications and Browser Helper Objects(BHO)
- It tweaks and optimizes Windows
- It schedules a computer to shut down at a specified time

This tool does a good job protecting systems from viruses, Trojans and Sypware





Inzider - Tracks Processes and Ports

http://ntsecurity.nu/cgibin/download/inzider.exe.pl

This is a useful tool that lists processes in the Windows system and the ports each one listens on



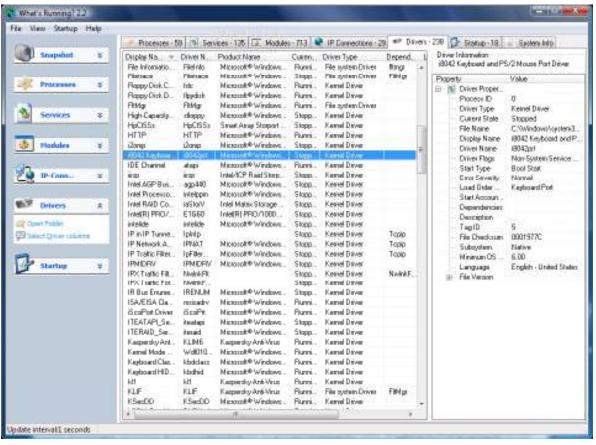
For instance, under Windows 2000, Beast injects itself into other processes, so it is not visible in the Task Manager as a separate process





Tool: What's Running

It gives the complete information about processes, services, IP connections, modules, and drivers, running on your computer







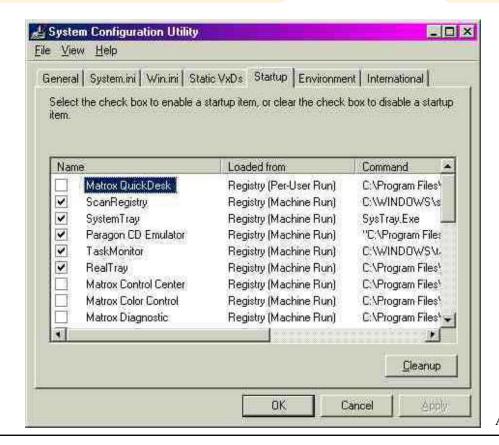


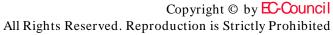
Tool: MSConfig

Microsoft System Configuration
Utility or MSCONFIG is a tool used
to troubleshoot problems with your
computer



Check for Trojan startup entries and disable them

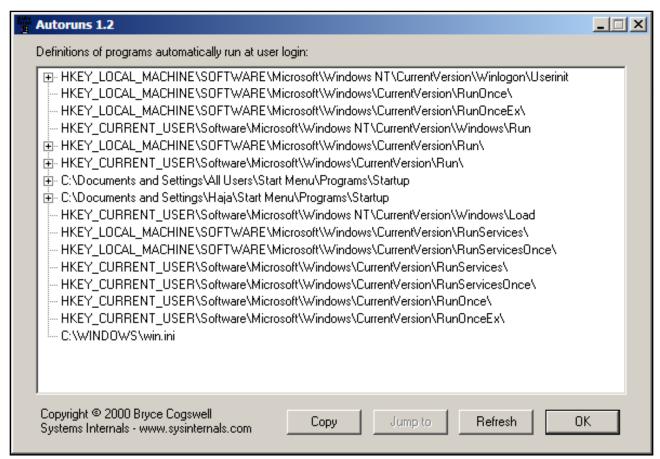






Tool: Registry-What's Running

Check the registry and remove Trojan startup entries

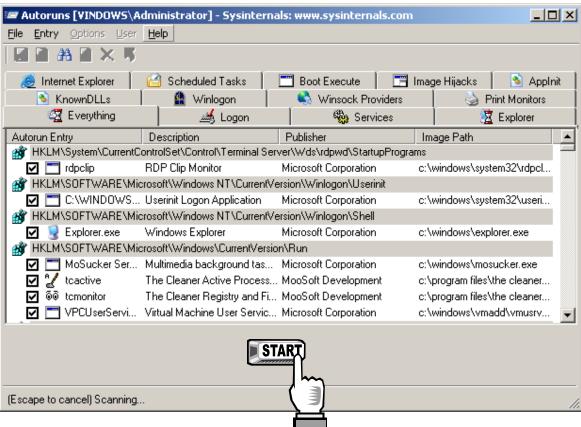






Tool: Autoruns

This utility shows you what programs are configured to run during system bootup or login, and shows the entries in the order Windows processes them. These programs include those in your startup folder, Run, RunOnce, and other Registry keys







Tool: Hijack This (System Checker)

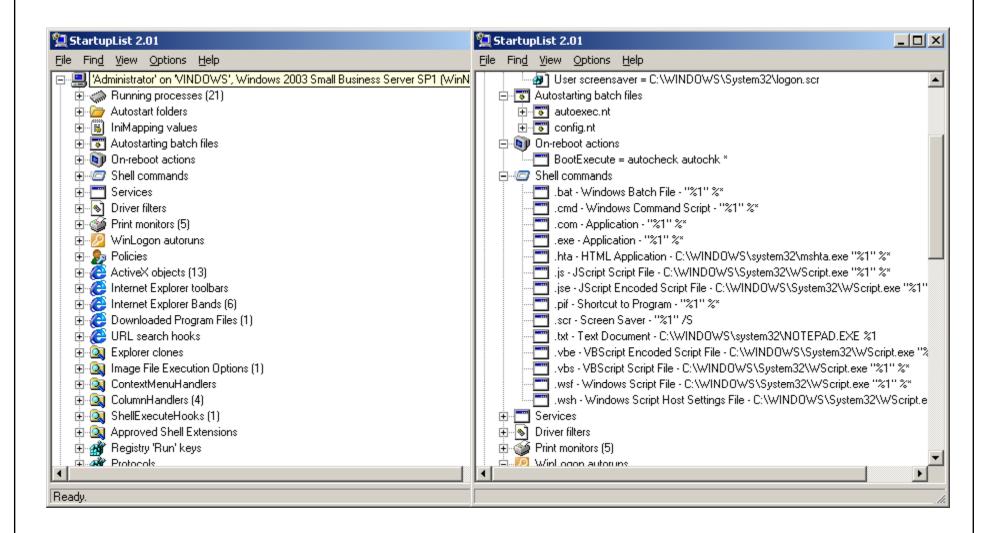
HijackThis - v1.99.1	
Below are the results of the scan. Be careful what you delet determine what is bad and what merely customized by you. ' s save a log file and show it to knowledgable folks.	
R0 - HKCU\Software\Microsoft\Internet Explorer\Main,St R1 - HKCU\Software\Microsoft\Internet Connection Wiza O2 - BHO: (no name) - {53707962-6F74-2D53-2644-206 O3 - Toolbar: @msdxmLC.dll,-1@1033,&Radio - {8E7188 O4 - HKLM\\Run: [F-StopW] G:\Program Files\FSI\F-Program Files\FSI\F-Program Files\FSI\F-Program Files\FSI\F-Program Files\FSI\F-Program Files\Log Monitor] "G:\PROGRA~1\BILLPS~1 O4 - HKCU\\Run: [WinPatrol] "G:\Program Files\Log MO + Global Startup: DSLMON.lnk = G:\Program Files\SAG O4 - Global Startup: Microsoft Office.lnk = G:\Program Files\SAG O4 - Global Startup: Microsoft Office.lnk = G:\Program Files\SAG O4 - Global Startup: Microsoft Office.lnk = G:\Program Files\SAG O4 - Global Startup: Microsoft Office.lnk = G:\Program Files\SAG O4 - Global Startup: Microsoft Office.lnk = G:\Program Files\SAG O4 - Global Startup: Microsoft Office.lnk = G:\Program Files\SAG O4 - Global Startup: Microsoft Office.lnk = G:\Program Files\SAG O4 - Global Startup: Microsoft Office.lnk = G:\Program O8 - Extra context menu item: &Create sURL - G:\Program O8 - Extra context menu item: &Open Selected URL's - GO8 - Extra context menu item: &Open URL - G:\Program O8 - Extra context menu item: &Send To Notepad - G:\Program O8 - Extra context menu item: &Send To Notepad - G:\Program O8 - Extra context menu item: &Send To Notepad - G:\Program O8 - Extra context menu item: &Vikipedia Lookup - G:\Program O8 - Extra context menu item: &Wikipedia Lookup - G:\Program O8 - Extra context menu item: &Wikipedia Lookup - G:\Program O8 - Extra context menu item: &Wikipedia Lookup - G:\Program O8 - Extra context menu item: &Wikipedia Lookup - G:\Program O8 - Extra context menu item: &Wikipedia Lookup - G:\Program O8 - Extra context menu item: &Wikipedia Lookup - G:\Program O8 - Extra context menu item: &Wikipedia Lookup - G:\Program O8 - Extra context menu item: &Wikipedia Lookup - G:\Program O8 - Extra context menu item: &Wikipedia Lookup - G:\Program O8 - Extra context menu item: &Wikipedia Lookup - G:\Program O8 - Extra context menu	zard,ShellNext = http://www.tiscali.co.uk/broadband/ 16D7942484F} - G:\PROGRA~1\SPYBOT~1\SDHelper.dll 16B88-423F-11D2-876E-00A0C9082467} - G:\WINNT\Systrot\F-StopW.EXE ~1\WINPAT~1\WinPatrol.exe" Monitor\logmon.exe AGEM\SAGEM F@st 800-840\dslmon.exe Files\Microsoft Office\Office\OSA9.EXE am Files\Avant Browser\Extensions\luACF.htm ram Files\Avant Browser\Extensions\luDictionary.h rogram Files\Avant Browser\Extensions\luEncarta.htm ogram Files\Avant Browser\Extensions\luGoogle.htm p - G:\Program Files\Avant Browser\Extensions\luGoogle.htm p - G:\Program Files\Avant Browser\Extensions\luMWe G:\Program Files\Avant Browser\Extensions\Sundtopent m Files\Avant Browser\Extensions\OpenURL.htm Program Files\Avant Browser\Extensions\SendToNotepa - G:\Program Files\Avant Browser\Extensions\SendToNotepa - G:\Program Files\Avant Browser\Extensions\LuWikipedia.htm Program Files\Avant Browser\Extensions\LuWikipedia.htm Program Files\Avant Browser\Extensions\LuWikipedia.htm Program Files\Avant Browser\Extensions\LuWikipedia.htm
Save log Fix checked	Other stuff Info Config
Info on selected item	Add checked to ignorelist

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Tool: Startup List









Anti-Trojan Software



Anti-Trojan Software

There are many anti-Trojan software programs available with many vendors

Below is the list of some of the anti-Trojan softwares that are available for trial:

- Trojan Guard
- Trojan Hunter
- ZoneAlarm f Win98&up, 4.530
- WinPatrol f WinAll, 6.0
- LeakTest, 1.2
- Kerio Personal Firewall, 2.1.5
- Sub-Net
- TAVScan
- SpyBot Search & Destroy
- Anti Trojan
- Cleaner





TrojanHunter

TrojanHunter is an advanced trojan scanner and toolbox, that searches for and removes Trojans from your system

It uses several proven methods to find a wide variety of Trojans such as file scanning, port scanning, memory scanning, and registry scanning

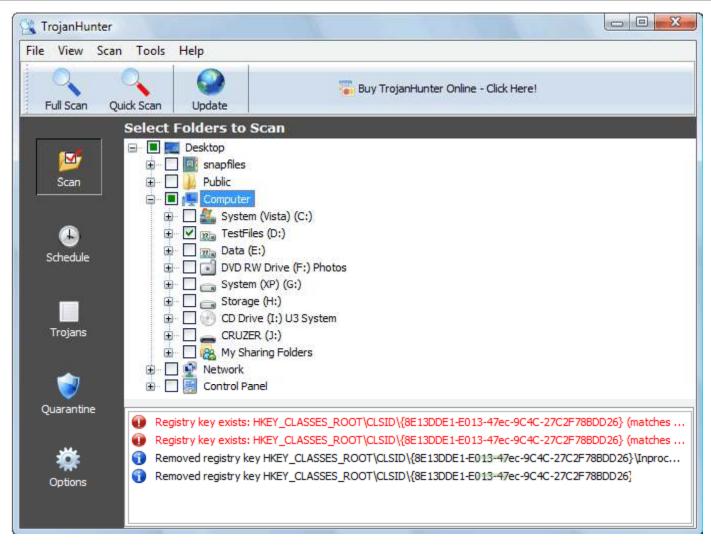


It also allows you to add custom trojan definitions and detection rules





TrojanHunter: Screenshot







Comodo BOClean

Comodo BOClean protects your computer against trojans, malware, and other threats

It constantly scans your system in the background and intercepts any recognized trojan activity

The program can ask the user what to do, or run in the unattended mode and automatically shutdowns and removes any suspected Trojan application

Features:

- Destroys malware and removes registry entries
- Does not require a reboot to remove all traces
- Disconnects the threat without disconnecting you
- Generates optional report and safe copy of eviden e
- Automatically sweeps and detects INSTANTLY in thebackground
- Configurable "Stealth mode" completely hides BOClan from users
- Updates automatically from a network file share





Comodo BOClean: Screenshot







Trojan Remover: XoftspySE

Xoftspy detects and removes all the spyware trying to install on your PC

It scans for more than 42,000 different Spyware and Adware parasites

It finds and removes threats including: Spyware, worms, hijackers, Adware, Malware, keyloggers, hacker tools, PC parasites, Trojan Horses, spy programs, and trackware

It gets alerts about potentially harmful websites





XoftspySE: Screenshot







Trojan Remover: Spyware Doctor

Spyware Doctor is an adware and spyware removal utility that detects and cleans thousands of potential spyware, adware, trojans, keyloggers, spyware, cookies, trackware, spybots, and other malware from your PC



This tool allows you to remove, ignore, or quarantine identified Spyware



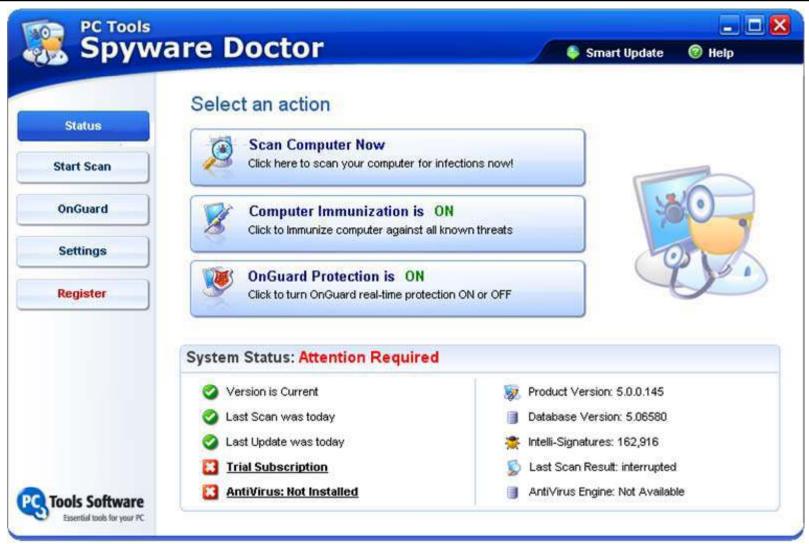
It also has an OnGuard system to immunize and protect your system against privacy threats as you work

By performing a fast detection at Windows start-up, you will be alerted with a list of the identified potential threats





Spyware Doctor: Screenshot

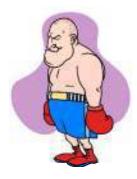






SPYWAREfighter

SPYWAREfighter is a powerful and reliable software that allows you to protect your PC against Spyware, Malware, and other unwanted software



It uses a security technology that protects Windows users from spyware and other potentially unwanted software

It reduces negative effects caused by spyware, including slow PC performance, annoying pop-ups, unwanted changes to Internet settings, and unauthorized use of your private information

Its continuous protection improves Internet browsing safety by scanning for more than 220,000 known threads





Screenshot: SPYWAREfighter







Evading Anti-Virus Techniques

Never use Trojans from the wild (anti-virus can detect these easily)

Write your own Trojan and embed it into an application

Change Trojan's syntax

- Convert an EXE to VB script
- Convert an EXE to a DOC file
- Convert an EXE to a PPT file

Change the checksum

Change the content of the Trojan using hex editor

Break the Trojan file into multiple pieces

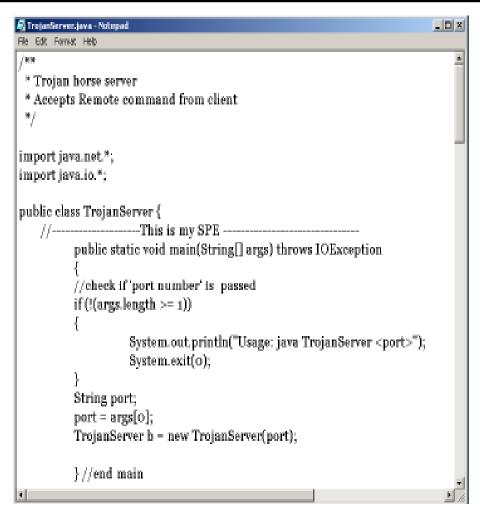




Sample Code for Trojan Client/Server

```
TrojanClient.java - Notegod
File Edit Format Help.
 * TrojanClient executes remote commands on server
 * Requires TrojanServer to be running
import java.jo.*;
import java.net.*;
import javax.swing.*;
public class TrojanClient {
  //-----place all the code in the SPE-----
  public static void main(String[] args) throws IOException {
          //check if 'port' and 'host' are passed
          if (!(args.length > 2))
                    System.out.println("Usage: java TrojanClient <hostname> <|
                    System.out.println("Example: java TrojanClient Omegasyr 24
                    System.exit(o);
          String host = args[o];
          String port = args[1];
```

Trojanclient.java



Trojanserver.java

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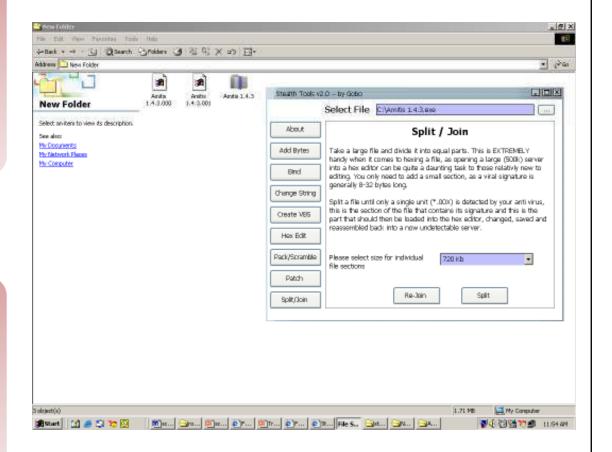


Evading Anti-Trojan/Anti-Virus Using Stealth Tools

It is a program that helps to send Trojans or suspicious files that are undetectable to anti-virus software



Its features include adding bytes, bind, changing strings, creating VBS, scramble/pack files, split/join files





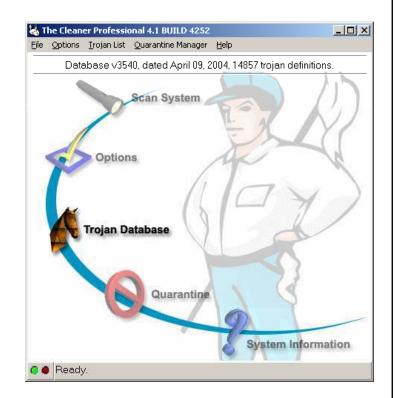


Backdoor Countermeasures

Most commercial anti-virus products can automatically scan and detect backdoor programs before they can cause damage (for example, before accessing a floppy, running exe, or downloading mail)

An inexpensive tool called Cleaner (http://www.moosoft.com/cleaner.html) can identify and eradicate 1,000 types of backdoor programs and Trojans

Educate users not to install applications downloaded from the Internet and email attachments





Tool: Tripwire

Tripwire is a System Integrity Verifier (SIV)

It will automatically calculate cryptographic hashes of all key system files or any file that is to be monitored for modifications



Itworks by creating a baseline "snapshot" of the system

It will periodically scan those files, recalculate the information, and see if any of the information has changed and, if there is a change, an alarm is raised





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Tripwire: Screenshot

Rule Name	Severity Level	Added	Removed	Modified
and that that then been been been been been		-		
Invariant Directories	66	0	0	0
Temporary directories	33	0	0	0
Tripwire Data Files	100	1	0	0
Critical devices	100	0	0	0
User binaries	66	0	0	0
Tripwire Binaries	100	0	0	0
Critical configuration files	100	0	0	2
Libraries	66	0	0	0
Operating System Utilities	100	0	0	0
Critical system boot files	100	0	0	0
File System and Disk Administra	ton Programs			
	100	0	0	0
Kernel Administration Programs	100	0	0	0
Networking Programs	100	0	0	0
System Administration Programs	100	0	0	0
Hardware and Device Control Pro	grams			
	100	0	0	0
System Information Programs	100	0	0	0
Application Information Program	13			
	100	0	0	0
Shell Related Programs	100	0	0	0
Critical Utility Sym-Links	100	0	0	0
Shell Binaries	100	0	0	0
System boot changes	100	15	0	12
OS executables and libraries	100	0	0	0
Security Control	100	0	0	1
Login Scripts	100	0	0	0
Root config files	100	15	0	55

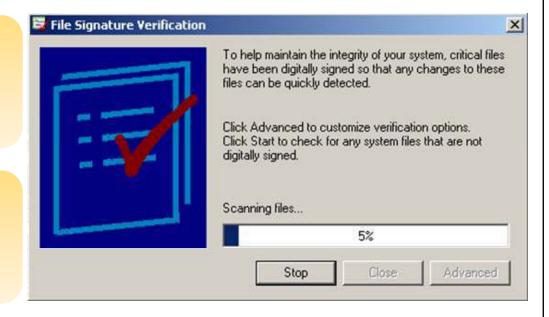
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System File Verification

Windows 2000 introduced Windows File Protection (WFP), which protects system files that were installed by the Windows 2000 setup program from being overwritten

The hashes in this file could be compared with the SHA-1 hashes of the current system files to verify their integrity against the factory originals



The sigverif.exe utility can perform this verification process







MD5sum.exe

MD5sum.exe is an MD5 checksum utility

It takes an MD5 digital snapshot of system files

If you suspect a file is Trojaned, then compare the MD5 signature with the snapshot checksum

Command: md5sum *.* > md5sum.txt

```
C:\WINDOWS\System32\cmd.exe
                                                                         J:\Ethical Hacking and Countermeasures v5\Module 06 - Trojans and Backdoors>md5s
md5sum: .: Permission denied
md5sum: ..: Permission denied
163184e5c1e4e097f93b8e55eea99839 *AntiTrojan.exe
a41e904628ca969096cecdb08c2142fa *cleaner.exe
6f25a1c80bb93a9e215b5acb6ba8ba58 *Create Custom Extensions.zip
e22cddab46037d904d0d6f087d9c692c *exebinder2.5.zip
93dc88b9f31894b755000654189b5972 *Fearless Snapshot.zip
037356668c6da7e6a0fcc305db97e6ff *GRAFFITI.exe
16dd48a9c3b5aa247dfbf446ed9de4f1 *hackereliminator.exe
78d9dbdba87f5c1d10b1ed7f1377c97e *ICMP Tunneling.doc
2a2f296b883f186d9c8907842476eea2 *IconChanger31.exe
0d46638e9baca3a8fd88dca08251d120 *inzider.exe
7ca844ce3df71df241cbe0a1d1741b08 *listdlls.exe
f9ddaa80b9e9b02976f6a55e061ea85c *loki-source.txt
365c3633d24a437ab735b79e57f09501 *makevbs.exe
4e3a7595faaacc92cbfd7f4c82e40c4e *netbee.exe
4737a92a25746c6a00c7c131aec47b20 *netraider0.0.zip
ccfeb20f8939cc5c31eb1d373ca10da5 *netspoof.exe
476f213d2057a894b1f3e8b1d9a74f8b *peBundle.exe
:0896b70417f49902220b33e8a983ff6 *PestPatrol.exe
.9c64e7ea6d3c5e6c951103daa77e1f2 *Process Monitor.exe
```





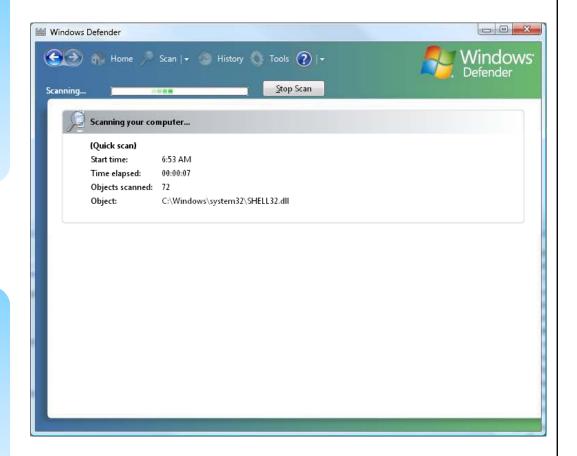
Tool: Microsoft Windows Defender



Windows Defender is a free program that helps protect your computer against pop-ups, slow performance, and security threats caused by spyware and other unwanted software



It features Real-Time Protection, a monitoring system that recommends actions against spyware when it is detected





Microsoft Windows Defender: Screenshot



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How to Avoid a Trojan Infection

Do not download blindly from people or sites that you are not 100% sure about

Even if the file comes from a friend, be sure what the file is before opening it

Do not use features in programs that automatically get or preview files



Do not blindly type commands that others tell you to type; go to web addresses mentioned by strangers, or run pre-fabricated programs or scripts





How to Avoid a Trojan Infection (cont'd)

One should not be lulled into a false sense of security just because an anti-virus program is running in the system

Ensure that the corporate perimeter defenses are kept continuously up to date

Filter and scan all content at the perimeter defenses that could contain malicious content

Run local versions of anti-virus, firewall, and intrusion detection software on the desktop





How to Avoid a Trojan Infection (cont'd)

Rigorously control user permissions within the desktop environment to prevent the installation of malicious applications

Manage local workstation file integrity through checksums, auditing, and port scanning

Monitor internal network traffic for odd ports or encrypted traffic

Use multiple virus scanners

Installing software for identifying and removing ad-ware/malware/spyware





What happened next

As Ron never cared for desktop security he did not have the latest update of antivirus. Neither did he have a Trojan scanner nor a file integrity checker.

Zechariah had infected Ron's computer and was ready to do all kinds of assault which the Infected Trojan supported.

Zechariah can do any of the following:

- Run a keylogger on Ron's systems and retrieve all sensitive information
- Delete confidential files
- Rename files and change file extensions
- Use Ron's computer to carry out illegal activities



Trojans are malicious pieces of code that carry cracker software to a target system

They are used primarily to gain and retain access on the target system

They often reside deep in the system and make registry changes that allow it to meet its purpose as a remote administration tool

Popular Trojans include back orifice, netbus, subseven, and beast

Awareness and preventive measures are the best defense against Trojans





Appendix

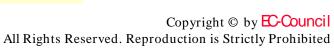


Trojan: Phatbot

Phatbot Trojan allows the attacker to have control over computers and link them into P2P networks that can be used to send large amounts of spam email messages or to flood websites with data in an attempt to knock them offline

It can steal Windows Product Keys, AOL logins and passwords, as well as CD keys of some famous games

It tries to disable anti-virus software and firewalls







Trojan: Amitis

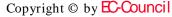
Amitis has more than 400 ready-to-use options

It is the only Trojan that has a live update

The server copies itself to the Windows directory, so, even if the main file is deleted, the victim's computer is still infected

The server automatically sends the requested notification as soon as the victim gets online Source: http://www.immortal-hackers.com





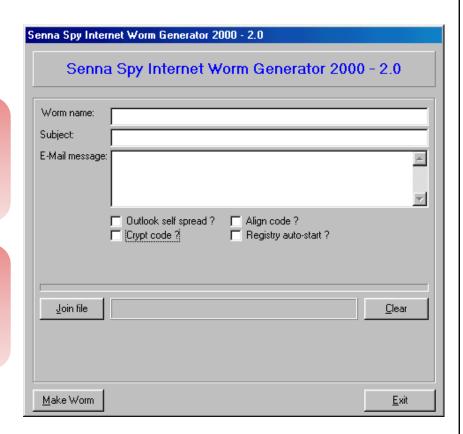


Trojan: Senna Spy

Senna Spy Generator 2.0 is a Trojan generator that is able to create Visual Basic source code for a Trojan based on a few options

This Trojan is compiled from generated source code; anything could be changed in it

Source: http://sennaspy.cjb.net/





Trojan: QAZ

QAZ is a companion virus that can spread over the network

It also has a "backdoor" that will enable a remote user to connect to and control the victim's computer using port 7597

It may have originally been sent out by email

It renames Notepad to note.com

It modifies the registry key:

- HKLM\software\Microsoft\Windows\Current
- Version\Run





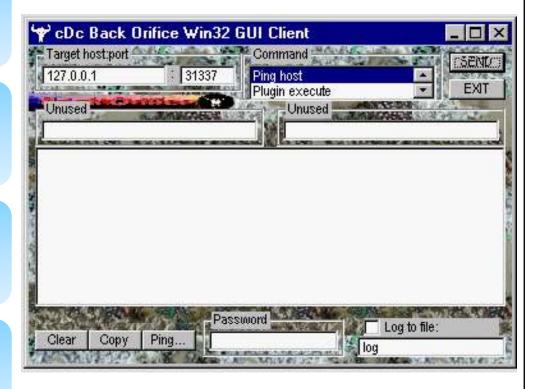
Trojan: Back Orifice

Back Orifice (BO) is a remote Administration system that allows a user to control a computer across a TCP/IP connection using a simple console or GUI application

On a local LAN or across the Internet, BO gives its user more control of the remote Windows machine than the person at the keyboard of the remote machine

Back Orifice was created by a group of well-known hackers who call themselves the CULT OF THE DEAD COW

BO is small and entirely self-installing



Source: http://www.cultdeadcow.com/





Trojan: Back Oriffice 2000

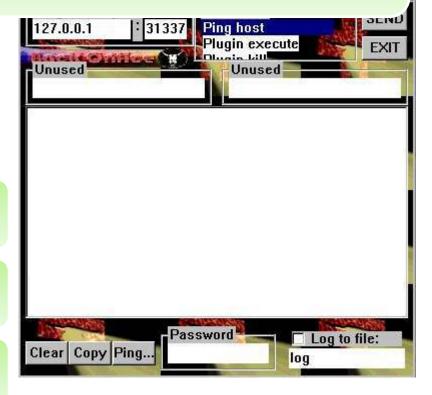


BO2K has stealth capabilities; it will not show up on the task list and runs completely in the hidden mode

Back Orifice accounts for the highest number of infestations on Microsoft computers

The BO2K server code is only 100KB. The client program is 500KB

Once installed on a victim's PC or server machine, BO2K gives the attacker complete control over the system



Back Oriffice Plug-ins

BO2K's functionality can be extended using BO plug-ins

BOPeep (Complete remote control snap in)

Encryption (Encrypts the data sent between the BO2K GUI and the server)

BOSOCK32 (Provides stealth capabilities by using ICMP instead of TCP UDP)

STCPIO (Provides encrypted flow control between the GUI and the server, making the traffic more difficult to detect on the network)





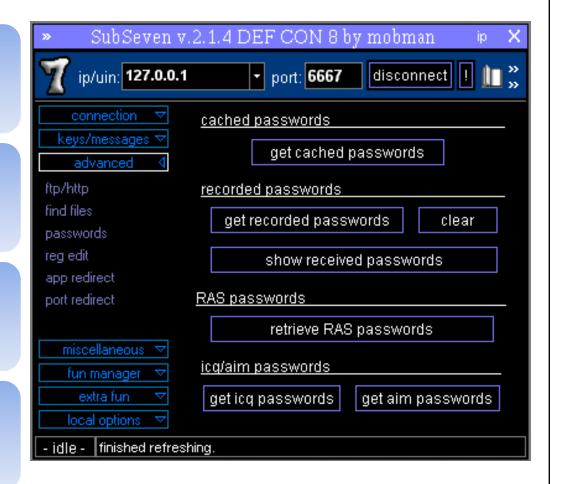
Trojan: SubSeven

SubSeven is a Win32 Trojan

The credited author of this Trojan is Mobman

Its symptoms include slowing down the victim's computer and a constant stream of error messages

SubSeven is a Trojan virus most commonly spread through file attachments in email messages and the ICQ program







Trojan: CyberSpy Telnet Trojan

CyberSpy is a telnet Trojan, which means a client terminal is not necessary to get connected

It is written in VB and a little bit of C programming

It supports multiple clients

It has about 47 commands

It has ICQ, email, and IRC bot notification

Other things, such as fake error/port/pw, can be configured with the editor







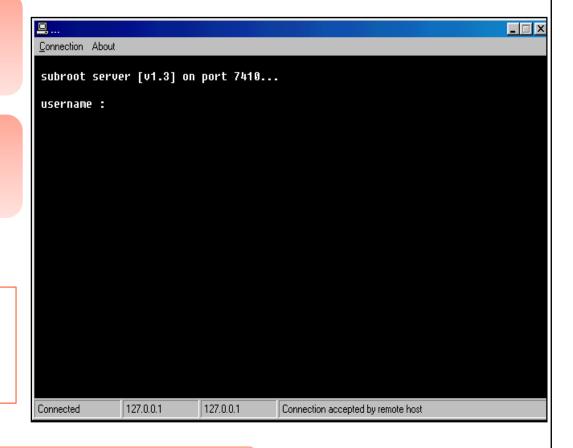
Trojan: Subroot Telnet Trojan

Subroot Telnet Trojan is a telnet RAT (Remote Administration Tool)

It was written and tested in the Republic of South Africa

It has variants as follows:

- SubRoot 1.0
- SubRoot 1.3







Trojan: Let Me Rule! 2.0 BETA 9

Let Me Rule! 2.0 BETA 9 was written in Delphi

It was released in January 2004

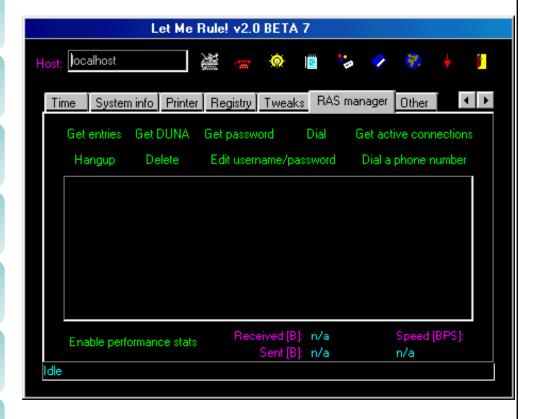
It has a remote access Trojan

It has a DOS prompt that allows control of the victim's command.com

It deletes all files in a specific directory

All types of files can be executed at the remote host

The new version has an enhanced registry explorer









Trojan: Donald Dick

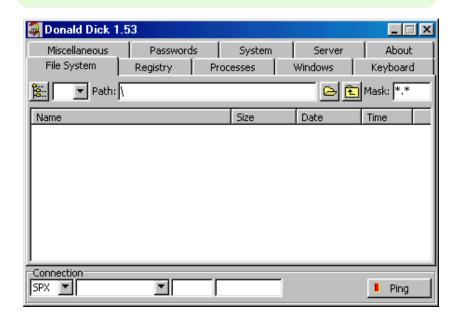


The attacker uses the client to send commands through TCP or SPX to the victim listening on a pre-defined port

Donald Dick uses default port 23476 or 23477

Donald Dick is a tool that enables a user to control another computer over a network.

It uses a client server architecture with the server residing on the victim's computer







Trojan: RECUB

RECUB (Remote Encrypted Callback Unix Backdoor) is a Windows port for a remote administration tool that can be also used as a backdoor on a Windows system

It bypasses a firewall by opening a new window of IE and then injecting code into it

It uses Netcat for remote shell

It empties all event logs after exiting the shell

Source: http://www.hirosh.net





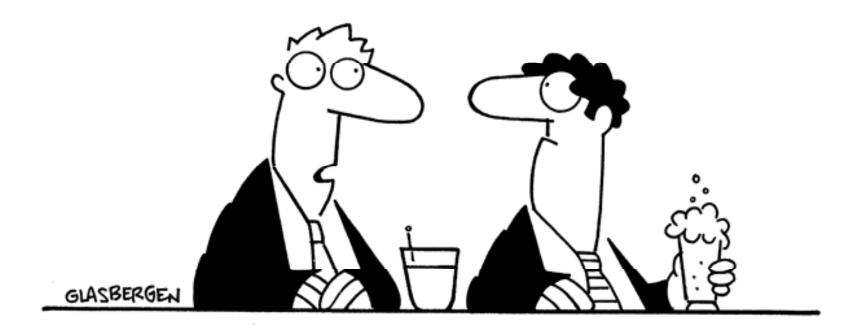
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"I found a solution to your spam problem. I've set up your e-mail to automatically delete any message with a vowel in it."



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"While I was thinking outside of the box, someone changed the password and now I can't get back in!"